



Fronius Agilo Outdoor 75.0-3 / 100.0-3



Operating Instructions

Grid-connected inverter





Dear reader,

Introduction

Thank you for the trust you have placed in our company and congratulations on buying this high-quality Fronius product. These instructions will help you familiarise yourself with the product. Reading the instructions carefully will enable you to learn about the many different features it has to offer. This will allow you to make full use of its advantages.

Please also note the safety rules to ensure greater safety when using the product. Careful handling of the product will repay you with years of safe and reliable operation. These are essential prerequisites for excellent results.

Contents

Safety rules	7
General information	11
Protection of people and equipment	13
Safety	13
Protection of people and equipment	13
Galvanic (electrical) isolation	13
Monitoring the grid	13
Warning notices on the device	14
	16
Proper use	
Proper use	16
Application area	16
Regulations governing the photovoltaic system	16
Functional principle	17
Functional principle	17
Cooling of the inverter through forced-air ventilation	17
Power derating	17
Solar module grounding	17
The inverter in a photovoltaic system	18
General	18
Tasks	18
Converting DC to AC current	18
Display function and data communication	18
System add-on	18
Description of the device	19
Outside of inverter	19
Inverter interior	20
Connection compartment	21
Data communication area	22
Possible relay contact functions	25
Data communication and Solar Net	26
Solar Net and data interface	26
Overcurrent and undervoltage cut-out	26
Description of the 'Fronius Solar Net' LED	26
Example	27
Liample	21
Installation and commissioning	29
Choice of location	31
General comments regarding choice of location	31
	31
Cabling into the inverter Criteria influencing choice of location	32
Unsuitable locations	32
Transport	33
Transport	33
Transporting by its lifting eyes using a crane	33
Transporting by crane using pallet fork	33
Transporting by forklift truck or lift truck	34
Positioning the inverter	35
Prerequisites	35
Positioning the inverter	35
Notes regarding the air supply	35
Connecting the inverter to the public grid (AC)	36
Monitoring the grid	36
Mains connections	36
Connecting aluminium cables	36
Max. cross-section of AC cables	36
Safety	37
Connecting the inverter to the public grid	37

Connecting AC cables with a cable lug. Maximum fuse rating on alternating current side 33 Maximum fuse rating on alternating current side 33 Connecting an external AC supply for the inverter 44 Fitting and connecting optional overvoltage protection 45 Safety. 41 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the DC side. 41 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the AC side. 42 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection for the AC side. 43 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection for the AC- supply. 44 General comments regarding solar modules. 45 Connecting Ibuninium cables. 46 DC connections. 47 Connecting aluminium cables. 48 Max. cross-section of DC cables. 49 Adva. cross-section of DC cables. 40 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug. 41 Fitting and connections. 42 Connecting DC cables. 43 Connecting DC cables. 44 Connecting DC cables. 45 Connecting DC cables. 46 Connecting DC cables. 47 Conduning the solar modules in the inverter. 48 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug. 49 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection of DC cables. 40 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 41 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug. 42 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 43 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 44 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 45 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 46 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 47 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 48 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole via a fuse. 49 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 49 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 49 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 50 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 51 Fitting and protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 52 Fitting and protection against pola	Maximum fuse rating on alternating current side Connecting an external AC supply for the inverter Fitting and connecting optional overvoltage protection General	
Maximum fuse rating on alternating current side Connecting an external AC supply for the inverter 44 Fitting and connecting optional overvoltage protection 45 General 46 Safety. 47 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the DC side 47 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the DC side 47 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the AC side 47 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection for the AC- supply. 42 Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection for the AC- supply. 42 Connecting the DC cable to the inverter. 44 General comments regarding solar modules. 44 DC connecting DC cables to the inverter. 44 DC connecting DC cables to the connecting the AC- supply. 45 Safety. 46 Connecting DC cables 47 Safety. 48 Connecting DC cables with a cable tug 48 Crounding the solar modules in the inverter 49 Grounding the solar modules in the inverter 40 General 41 General 42 General connecting DC cables with a cable tug 43 General modules in the inverter 47 General 48 Connecting DC cables with a cable tug 48 Connecting DC cables with a cable tug 49 Connecting DC cables with a cable tug 40 Connecting DC cables with a cable tug 41 General 42 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 43 Safety. 44 Connecting DC cables with a cable tug 45 Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 46 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse. 47 Safety. 48 Configuring the inverter 50 Closing the inverter 50 Closing the inverter 50 Closing the inverter 50 Closing the inverter 50 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. 55 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. 56 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 58 Symbols showing function key allocation 58 Symbols showing function key allocation 59 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. 58 Symbols showing function key allocation 59 Configuring a display mode 60 Con	Maximum fuse rating on alternating current side Connecting an external AC supply for the inverter Fitting and connecting optional overvoltage protection General	
Connecting an external AC supply for the inverter	Connecting an external AC supply for the inverter Fitting and connecting optional overvoltage protection General	
Fitting and connecting optional overvoltage protection	Fitting and connecting optional overvoltage protection General	41
General	GeneralSafety	
Safety	Safety	
Safety	Safety	41
Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the DC side. Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the AC side. At Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection for the AC supply. Connecting the DC cable to the inverter. General comments regarding solar modules. DC connections. 44 Connecting aluminium cables. 44 Max. cross-section of DC cables 54 Connecting DC cables 45 Connecting DC cables 46 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug. Fuse protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 47 Grounding the solar modules in the inverter. 47 Grounding the solar module in the inverter. 47 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 47 Safety. Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 48 Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 49 Consign the first time. 50 Closing the inverter. 50 Closing the inverter for grounded solar modules. 40 Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 41 Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 42 Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 43 Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 44 Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 55 Closing the inverter. 50 Closing the inverter for grounded solar modules grounding. 55 Controls and indicators Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. 55 Controls and indicators		
Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the AC side	Ettle a seed seems attended to be a seem to the account of the seems to the seems t	
Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection for the AC- supply. Connecting the DC cable to the inverter. General comments regarding solar modules. 44 DC connecting aluminium cables. 44 AC connecting aluminium cables. 45 Max. cross-section of DC cables. 46 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug. 47 Event of the solar modules in the inverter. 48 Event of the solar modules in the inverter. 49 General drounding the solar modules in the inverter. 40 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 41 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 42 Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 43 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse. 44 Colsing the inverter. 55 Closing the inverter. 55 Closing the first time. 55 Factory configuration. 55 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. 55 Configuring the inverter or existing solar module grounding. 55 Controls and indicators. 57 Controls and indicators. 58 Symbols showing function key ellocation. Monitoring and status LEDs. 58 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid. Activate display backlighting. Automatic disactivation of display backlighting / change to display mode 'NOW'. 61 Activate display and the grid. 62 Choosing a display mode. 63 Choosing a display mode. 64 Choosing a display mode. 65 Choosing a display mode. 67 Choosing a display mode. 68 Choosing a display mode of 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 69 Choosing a display mode of 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 60 Challes in display mode of 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 61 Challes in the setup menu. 65 Chemit terms in the Set-up menu. 65 Challes in the setup menu. 65 Chemit terms in the Set-up menu. 67 Cotal terms in the Set-up menu. 67 Cotal terms in the Set-up menu. 67 Cotal terms in the Set-up menu.		
Connecting the DC cable to the inverter General comments regarding solar modules DC connections. 44 General comments regarding solar modules 44 Connecting aluminium cables 45 Karety. 46 Connecting DC cables 47 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug 48 Fuse protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 49 Grounding the solar modules in the inverter 49 Grounding the solar modules in the inverter 40 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 47 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 47 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 48 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole via a fuse. 49 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse. 40 Configuring the inverter 50 Closing the inverter 50 Controls on first time 50 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding 50 Controls and indicators 50 Controls and indicators 50 Controls and indicators 51 Controls and indicators 55 Controls and indicators 55 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 56 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 57 Activate display backlighting 58 Symbols showing function key allocation 58 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 58 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 58 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 58 Controls and indicators 59 Controls and indicators 50 Controls and indicators	Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the	AC side 42
Connecting the DC cable to the inverter General comments regarding solar modules DC connections. 44 General comments regarding solar modules 44 Connecting aluminium cables 45 Kar cross-section of DC cables 46 Safety. 47 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug 47 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug 48 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug 49 Crounding the solar modules in the inverter 40 Grounding the solar modules in the inverter 41 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse 47 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse 48 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole via a fuse 49 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole via a fuse 40 Configuring the inverter 50 Closing the inverter 51 Controls on the first time 52 Factory configuration 53 Controls and indicators 54 Controls and indicators 55 Controls and indicators 55 Controls and indicators 56 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 58 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 58 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 58 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 58 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 58 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 58 Controls and indicators 59 Controls and indicators 50 Controls and	Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection for the	AC- supply 42
General comments regarding solar modules. A DC connections. A Connecting aluminium cables. A Max. cross-section of DC cables. Safety. Connecting DC cables. 44 Safety. Connecting DC cables with a cable lug. Fuse protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 46 Grounding the solar modules in the inverter. General. Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 47 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse. 48 Configuring the inverter or grounded solar modules. 49 Configuring the inverter or grounded solar modules. 40 Closing the inverter. 50 Closing the inverter. 50 Closing the inverter or grounded solar module grounding. 51 Factory configuration. 52 Factory configuration. 53 Controls and indicators. 54 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. 55 Controls and indicators. 56 Controls and indicators. 57 Controls and indicators. 57 Controls and indicators. 58 Controls and indicators. 59 Symbols showing function key allocation. 50 Monitoring and status LEDs. 50 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid. Activate display backlighting. Activate display backlighting. Activate display backlighting. Activate display backlighting. Activate display modes. 60 Choosing a display mode. 61 Choosing a display mode. 62 Choosing a display mode. 63 Choosing a display mode. 64 Choosing a display mode. 65 Choosing a display mode. 66 Choosing a display mode. 67 Controlal. 68 Choosing a display mode in CDAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 69 Choosing a display mode in CDAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 60 Choose display mode in CDAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 60 Choose display mode in CDAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 61 Choose display mode in CDAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 61 Choose display mode in CDAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 61 Choose display mode in CDAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 62 Choosing a display mode in CDAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 63 Choose display mode in CDAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. 64 Choose display mo	Connecting the DC cable to the inverter	1
DC connections	Confidenting the DC cable to the inverter	
Connecting aluminium cables 44 Max. cross-section of DC cables 45 Safety. 45 Connecting DC cables 46 Connecting DC cables with a cable lug. 46 Fuse protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. 46 Grounding the solar modules in the inverter 47 General 47 General 47 Grounding the solar modules in the inverter 49 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 47 Safety. 48 Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. 48 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole inserting a fuse. 49 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse 49 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse 49 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse 49 Grounding the inverter 50 Glosing for the first time 50 Grounding the inverter 50 Glosing for the first time 50 Glosing for for existing solar module grounding 50 Glosing for the first time 50 Glosing and indicators 50 Glosing function key allocation 50 Glosing and indicators 50 Glosing function key allocation 50 Glosing and status LEDs 50 Glosing and status L		
Max. cross-section of DC cables	DC connections	44
Max. cross-section of DC cables	Connecting aluminium cables	44
Safety		
Connecting DC cables with a cable lug Connecting DC cables with a cable lug Fuse protection against polarity reversal of DC cables. Grounding the solar modules in the inverter. General Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 47 Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse. 48 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole via a fuse. 48 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse. 48 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse. 48 Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse. 49 Closing the inverter. 50 Closing the inverter. 51 Closing the inverter. 52 Using for the first time. 53 Factory configuration 53 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. 53 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. 53 Controls and indicators. 55 Controls and indicators. 57 Display 58 Symbols showing function key allocation. 59 Symbols showing function key allocation. 50 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 51 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 52 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 53 Activate display backlighting. 64 Activate display backlighting. 65 Activate display backlighting. 66 Activate display backlighting. 67 Activate display packlighting. 68 Choosing a display mode 79 Values in display mode 70 Values in display mode 70 Choose gisplay mode 70 Choose in the set-up menu 71 Standby. 72 Standby. 73 Standby. 74 Standby. 77 Standby. 77 Standby. 77 Standby. 77 Standby. 77 Standby.		
Connecting DC cables with a cable lug		
Fuse protection against polarity reversal of DC cables Grounding the solar modules in the inverter General	Connecting DC cables	
Fuse protection against polarity reversal of DC cables Grounding the solar modules in the inverter General	Connecting DC cables with a cable lug	46
Grounding the solar modules in the inverter. General	Fuse protection against polarity reversal of DC cable	s 16
General	Occupation the address address in the inventor	540
Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse		
Safety	General	47
Safety		
Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules. Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse. (Closing the inverter. (Stosing the inverter. (Stosing for the first time. Factory configuration. (Stosing for the first time. Factory configuration. (Stosing for the first time. Stoconfiguring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. Stoconfiguring the inverter for existing solar module grounding. Stocontrols and indicators. Stocontrols and indicators. Stocontrols and indicators. Symbols showing function key allocation. Stocontrols and status LEDs. Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid. Startup phase. Feeding energy into the grid. Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid. Startup display backlighting. Activate display backlighting. Activate display backlighting. Glopen menu level. The display modes. Choosing a display mode. Startup of display values. Values in display mode NOW'. Stalues in display mode NOW'. Stalues in display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'. Standby. Menu items in the Set-up menu. Standby. Menu items in the Set-up menu. Standby. Total Standby. Time Standby. Time Standby. Time Standby.		
Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse Closing the inverter		
Closing the inverter		
Closing the inverter	Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: in	serting a fuse 49
Closing the inverter 55 Using for the first time 52 Factory configuration 52 Using for the first time 52 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding 55 Operation 55 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 57 Display 56 Symbols showing function key allocation 56 Monitoring and status LEDs 55 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 60 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 60 Feeding energy into the grid 61 Navigation at the menu level 61 Activate display backlighting 61 Automatic deactivation of display backlighting / change to display mode 'NOW' 61 The display modes 62 Choosing a display mode 62 Overview of display values 62 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display mode 'NOW' <td></td> <td></td>		
Using for the first time 52 Factory configuration 52 Using for the first time 52 Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding 53 Operation 55 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 57 Display 56 Symbols showing function key allocation 56 Monitoring and status LEDs 55 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 60 Startup phase 60 Feeding energy into the grid 60 Navigation at the menu level 61 Activate display backlighting 61 Automatic deactivation of display backlighting / change to display mode 'NOW' 61 Open menu level 61 The display modes 62 The display modes 62 The display modes 62 The display modes 62 Choosing a display mode 62 Overview of display values 63 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display		
Factory configuration	<u> </u>	
Using for the first time Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding		
Using for the first time Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding	Factory configuration	52
Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding	Using for the first time	52
Operation 55 Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 57 Display 58 Symbols showing function key allocation 58 Monitoring and status LEDs 59 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 60 Feeding energy into the grid 60 Navigation at the menu level 61 Activate display backlighting 61 Automatic deactivation of display backlighting / change to display mode 'NOW' 61 Open menu level 61 The display modes 62 Choosing a display mode 62 Choosing a display walues 63 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 68 Initial setting 68 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 <		
Controls and indicators 57 Controls and indicators 57 Display 58 Symbols showing function key allocation 58 Monitoring and status LEDs 59 Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid 60 Startup phase 60 Feeding energy into the grid 60 Navigation at the menu level 61 Activate display backlighting 61 Automatic deactivation of display backlighting / change to display mode 'NOW' 61 Open menu level 61 The display modes 62 The display modes 62 Choosing a display mode 62 Overview of display values 63 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Choosing a display mode 100W' 64 Choose display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 69 Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70		
Display		
Symbols showing function key allocation		
Monitoring and status LEDs Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid Startup phase	•	
Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid Startup phase	Symbols showing function key allocation	
Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid Startup phase	Monitoring and status LEDs	59
Startup phase Feeding energy into the grid Navigation at the menu level		
Feeding energy into the grid		
Navigation at the menu level		
Activate display backlighting		
Activate display backlighting	Navigation at the menu level	61
Automatic deactivation of display backlighting / change to display mode 'NOW' Open menu level		
Open menu level		
The display modes 62 The display modes 62 Choosing a display mode 62 Overview of display values 63 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Choosing a display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 69 Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70		
The display modes 62 Choosing a display mode 62 Overview of display values 63 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Choosing a display mode 64 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 69 Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70		
Choosing a display mode 62 Overview of display values 63 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Choosing a display mode - 64 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 69 Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70	The display modes	62
Choosing a display mode 62 Overview of display values 63 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Choosing a display mode - 64 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 69 Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70	The display modes	62
Overview of display values 63 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Choosing a display mode 64 Values in display mode 'NOW' 64 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 69 Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70		
Values in display mode 'NOW'64Choosing a display mode64Values in display mode 'NOW'64Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'66Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'66Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'66The Setup menu69Initial setting69Accessing the setup menu69Move up and down the menu items69Menu items in the Set-up menu70Standby70		
Choosing a display mode		
Values in display mode 'NOW'	Values in display mode 'NOW'	64
Values in display mode 'NOW'	Choosing a display mode	64
Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'66Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'66Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'66The Setup menu69Initial setting69Accessing the setup menu69Move up and down the menu items69Menu items in the Set-up menu70Standby70	Values in display mode 'NOW'	
Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 69 Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70	Values in display modes 'TODAY / VEAD / TOTAL!	
Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 65 Initial setting 65 Accessing the setup menu 65 Move up and down the menu items 65 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70	values in display modes TODAT / TEAR / TOTAL	
Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL' 66 The Setup menu 69 Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70	Choose display mode TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'	
The Setup menu 69 Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70	Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'	66
Initial setting 69 Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70		
Accessing the setup menu 69 Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70		
Move up and down the menu items 69 Menu items in the Set-up menu 70 Standby 70		
Menu items in the Set-up menu		
Menu items in the Set-up menu	Move up and down the menu items	
Standby		77
· ·	·	/L
Guillasi	Menu items in the Set-up menu	
	Menu items in the Set-up menu Standby	
	Menu items in the Set-up menu	
Language	Menu items in the Set-up menu Standby Contrast Backlighting	

Currency	
CO2 factor	7′
Yield	72
DATCOM	72
Device Info	
Device Status	
Time	
Status LT	
Grid Status	
Fan test	
Version	
Setting and displaying the menu items	
Setting the menu items, general	
Exiting a menu item	
Practical examples for setting and displaying menu items	
Setting the display backlighting	
Setting the currency and feed-in tariff	78
Setting the time and date	79
Switching the key lock on and off	8′
General	8 ²
Switching the key lock on and off	
· ·	
Troubleshooting and maintenance	83
3	
Status diagnostics and troubleshooting	85
Displaying status codes	
Total failure of the display	
Class 1 status codes	
Class 3 status codes	
Class 4 status codes	
Class 5 status codes	
Class 7 status codes	
Class 10 - 12 status codes	
Customer service	
Maintenance	
Safety	
Maintenance guidelines	99
Replacement of components	99
Opening the inverter for maintenance work	99
Operation in environments subject to heavy accumulations of dust	100
Replacing fuses	
Safety	
Replacing the reverse polarity protection fuse	
Appendix	10
. Ipportant	
Technical data	107
Fronius Agilo Outdoor 75.0-3	107
Fronius Agilo Outdoor 100.0-3	
Explanation of footnotes	
Applicable standards and guidelines	
CE mark	
Parallel operation of in-plant generation systems	
Power failure	
Warranty terms and conditions, and disposal	
Fronius manufacturer's warranty	
Dianocal	111

Safety rules

Explanation of safety symbols



DANGER! indicates immediate and real danger. If it is not avoided, death or serious injury will result.



WARNING! indicates a potentially dangerous situation. Death or serious injury may result if appropriate precautions are not taken.



CAUTION! indicates a situation where damage or injury could occur. If it is not avoided, minor injury and/or damage to property may result.



NOTE! indicates a risk of flawed results and possible damage to the equipment.

IMPORTANT! indicates tips for correct operation and other particularly useful information. It does not indicate a potentially damaging or dangerous situation.

If you see any of the symbols depicted in the "Safety rules", special care is required.

General



The device is manufactured using state-of-the-art technology and according to recognised safety standards. If used incorrectly or misused, however, it can cause

- injury or death to the operator or a third party,
- damage to the device and other material assets belonging to the operating company,
- inefficient operation of the device.

All persons involved in commissioning, maintaining and servicing the device must

- be suitably qualified,
- have knowledge of and experience in dealing with electrical installations and
- read and follow these operating instructions carefully.

The operating instructions must always be at hand wherever the device is being used. In addition to the operating instructions, attention must also be paid to any generally applicable and local regulations regarding accident prevention and environmental protection.

All safety and danger notices on the device

- must be kept in a legible state
- must not be damaged/marked
- must not be removed
- must not be covered, pasted or painted over.

For the location of the safety and danger notices on the device, refer to the section headed "General remarks" in the operating instructions for the device.

Before switching on the device, rectify any malfunctions that could compromise safety.

Your personal safety is at stake!

Proper use



The device is to be used exclusively for its intended purpose.

Any use above and beyond this purpose is deemed improper. The manufacturer shall not be liable for any damage resulting from such improper use.

Proper use also includes:

- carefully reading and obeying all the instructions and all the safety and danger notices in the operating instructions
- performing all stipulated inspection and servicing work
- installation as specified in the operating instructions

The following guidelines should also be applied where relevant:

- Regulations of the company providing the mains power supply
- Instructions from the PV module manufacturer

Environmental conditions



Operation or storage of the device outside the stipulated area will be deemed as "not in accordance with the intended purpose". The manufacturer shall not be held liable for any damage arising from such usage.

For exact information on permitted environmental conditions, please refer to the "Technical data" in the operating instructions.

Qualified service engineers



The servicing information contained in these operating instructions is intended only for the use of qualified service engineers. An electric shock can be fatal. Do not perform any actions other than those described in the documentation. This applies even if you are qualified to do so.



All cables and leads must be secure, undamaged, insulated and adequately dimensioned. Loose connections, scorched, damaged or inadequately dimensioned cables and leads must be immediately repaired by authorised personnel.



Maintenance and repair work must only be carried out by authorised personnel

It is impossible to guarantee that bought-in parts are designed and manufactured to meet the demands made of them, or that they satisfy safety requirements. Use only original spare parts (also applies to standard parts).

Do not carry out any modifications, alterations, etc. to the device without the manufacturer's consent.

Components that are not in perfect condition must be changed immediately.

Safety measures at the installation location

When installing devices with openings for cooling air, ensure that the cooling air can enter and exit unhindered through the air ducts. Only operate the charger in accordance with the degree of protection shown on the rating plate.

Noise emission values



The inverter generates a maximum sound power level of < 80 dB(A) (ref. 1 pW) when operating under full load in accordance with IEC 62109-1:2010.

The device is cooled as quietly as possible with the aid of an electronic temperature control system, and depends on the amount of converted power, the ambient temperature, the level of soiling of the device, etc.

It is not possible to provide a workplace-related emission value for this device because the actual sound pressure level is heavily influenced by the installation situation, the power quality, the surrounding walls and the properties of the room in general.

EMC Device Classifications



Devices in emission class A:

- Are only designed for use in industrial settings
- Can cause line-bound and radiated interference in other areas

Devices in emission class B:

Satisfy the emissions criteria for residential and industrial areas.
 This is also true for residential areas in which the energy is supplied from the public low-voltage mains.

EMC device classification as per the rating plate or technical data.

EMC measures



In certain cases, even though a device complies with the standard limit values for emissions, it may affect the application area for which it was designed (e.g. when there is sensitive equipment at the same location, or if the site where the device is installed is close to either radio or television receivers). If this is the case, then the operator is obliged to take appropriate action to rectify the situation.

Mains connection



High-performance devices (> 16 A) can affect the voltage quality on the mains network because they can feed powerful current into the main supply.

This may affect a number of types of device in terms of:

- connection restrictions
- criteria with regard to the maximum permissible mains impedance *)
- criteria with regard to the minimum short-circuit power requirement *)

*) at the interface with the public mains supply

see Technical Data

In this case, the plant operator or the person using the device should check whether or not the device is allowed to be connected, where appropriate through discussion with the power supply company.

Electrical installations



Electrical installations must only be set up set up to the relevant national and local standards and regulations.

Protective measures against ESD



Danger of damage to electrical components from electrical discharge. Suitable measures should be taken to protect against ESD when replacing and installing components.

Safety measures in normal operation



Only operate the device if all safety devices are fully functional. If the safety devices are not fully functional, there is a risk of

- injury or death to the operator or a third party,
- damage to the device and other material assets belonging to the operator,
- inefficient operation of the device.

Any safety devices that are not functioning properly must be repaired by a suitably qualified engineer before the device is switched on.

Never bypass or disable safety devices.

Safety symbol



Devices with the CE mark satisfy the essential requirements of the low-voltage and electromagnetic compatibility directives. Further details can be found in the appendix or the section headed "Technical data" in your documentation.

Disposal



To comply with the European Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and its implementation as national law, electrical equipment that has reached the end of its life must be collected separately and returned to an approved recycling facility. Any device that you no longer require must either be returned to your dealer or given to one of the approved collection and recycling facilities in your area. Ignoring this European Directive may have potentially adverse affects on the environment and your health!

Data protection



The user is responsible for the safekeeping of any changes made to the factory settings. The manufacturer accepts no liability for any deleted personal settings.

Copyright



Copyright of these operating instructions remains with the manufacturer.

The text and illustrations are all technically correct at the time of printing. We reserve the right to make changes. The contents of the operating instructions shall not provide the basis for any claims whatsoever on the part of the purchaser. If you have any suggestions for improvement, or can point out any mistakes that you have found in the instructions, we will be most grateful for your comments.

General information

Protection of people and equipment

Safety



WARNING! If the equipment is used or tasks are carried out incorrectly, serious injury or damage may result. Commissioning of the inverter may only be carried out by trained personnel in accordance with the technical regulations. It is essential that you read the "Safety Regulations" chapter before commissioning the equipment or carrying out maintenance work.

Protection of people and equipment

The inverter is constructed and operated in the safest possible way, both in terms of installation and operation.

The inverter fulfils the role of protecting people and equipment:

- a) through galvanic (electrical) isolation
- b) by monitoring the grid

Galvanic (electrical) isolation

The inverter has a 50/60 Hz three-phase transformer that provides electrical isolation between the DC side and the grid, thus guaranteeing the highest possible levels of safety.

Monitoring the grid

In the event of abnormal grid conditions, the inverter shuts down immediately according to national standards and guidelines and stops feeding energy into the grid (e.g. in the event of grid disconnection, interrupts, etc.)

Grid monitoring is carried out by:

- monitoring the voltage
- monitoring the frequency
- using over/undervoltage relays (option, depends on country setup)
- monitoring the stand alone situation

Warning notices on the device

There are warning notices and safety symbols on and in the inverter. These warning notices and safety symbols must not be removed or painted over. They warn against operating the device incorrectly, as this may result in serious injury and damage.



Safety symbols:



Risk of serious injury and damage due to incorrect operation



Do not use the functions described here until you have fully read and understood the following documents:

- these operating instructions
- all the operating instructions for the system components of the photovoltaic system, especially the safety rules



Dangerous electrical voltage



Discharging of the energy storage device is time-controlled

Text of the warning notices:

WARNING!

An electric shock can be fatal. Make sure that both the input side and output side of the device are de-energised before opening the device. Wait for the capacitors to discharge (10 minutes).

Proper use

Proper use

The solar inverter is intended exclusively to convert direct current from solar modules into alternating current and to feed this into the public grid.

Utilisation not in accordance with the intended purpose comprises:

- utilisation for any other purpose or in any other manner
- making any modifications to the inverter that have not been expressly approved by Fronius
- the installation of parts that are not distributed or expressly approved by Fronius.

Fronius shall not be liable for any damage resulting from such action. No warranty claims will be entertained.

Proper use also includes:

- complying with all the instructions in the operating instructions
- performing all stipulated inspection and maintenance work

Application area

The inverter has been developed exclusively for use in grid-connected photovoltaic systems; generating energy independently of the public grid is not possible.

Regulations governing the photovoltaic system

The inverter is designed to be connected and used exclusively in conjunction with solar modules.

Use of the inverter with other DC generators (e.g. wind generators) is not permitted

When designing the photovoltaic system, ensure that all its components are operated within their permitted operating ranges at all times.

Observe all the measures recommended by the solar module manufacturer to ensure the lasting maintenance of the properties of the solar module.

Functional principle

Functional principle

The inverter operates fully automatically. The control module starts monitoring the grid voltage and frequency as soon as the solar modules produce enough energy after sunrise. When insolation has reached a sufficient level, the solar inverter will start to feed energy into the grid.

The inverter works in a way that ensures the maximum power possible is obtained from the solar modules.

This is known as "Maximum Power Point Tracking" (MPPT).

As soon after dusk as the power available to feed into the mains falls below a sufficient level, the inverter disconnects from the mains supply. It retains all its settings and stored data.

Cooling of the inverter through forced-air ventilation

Cooling of the inverter is performed by a forced-air ventilation system via a temperature-controlled radial fan. Air is sucked in from the front and fed, via a sealed duct, through the electronics compartment, before passing directly over the inductors and dissipating upwards.

The sealed air duct prevents the electronics compartment from coming into contact with the ambient air. This approach largely prevents any contamination of the electronics compartment.

The speed of the fan and temperature of the intake air are monitored.

The variable-speed, ball-bearing mounted fans in the inverter permit the following:

- optimum cooling of the inverter
- a higher level of efficiency
- cooler parts, therefore a longer service life
- lowest-possible energy consumption and noise levels

Power derating

To protect the inverter if adequate heat dissipation is not possible, even with the fans running at full speed (e.g. when installed in containers without proper heat dissipation measures), the operation known as power derating takes place above an ambient temperature of approximately 45 °C.

Power derating briefly reduces the power of the inverter to prevent the temperature exceeding its permitted limit.

The inverter remains operational for as long as possible without stopping.

Solar module grounding

The inverter is designed for use with non-grounded solar modules and those grounded on the negative pole.

Grounding of the solar module on the negative pole is carried out inside the inverter via a fuse holder equipped with a corresponding fuse as required.

The inverter in a photovoltaic system

General

The solar inverter acts as a highly sophisticated link between the solar modules and the public grid.

Tasks

The main tasks of the inverter are as follows:

- converting DC to AC current
- fully automatic operational management
- display function and data communication

Converting DC to AC current

The inverter converts the direct current created in the solar modules into alternating current. This alternating current is fed synchronously with the grid voltage into the in-house network or the public grid.

IMPORTANT! The inverter has been developed exclusively for use in grid-connected photovoltaic systems; generating energy independently of the public grid is not possible.

Display function and data communication

The display on the inverter acts as the interface between the inverter and the user. The display design is oriented towards simple operation and to making the system data available at all times.

The inverter has a range of basic functions for logging minimum and maximum values on a daily and total basis. The values are output on the display.

An extensive selection of data communication elements opens up numerous recording and visualisation options.

System add-on

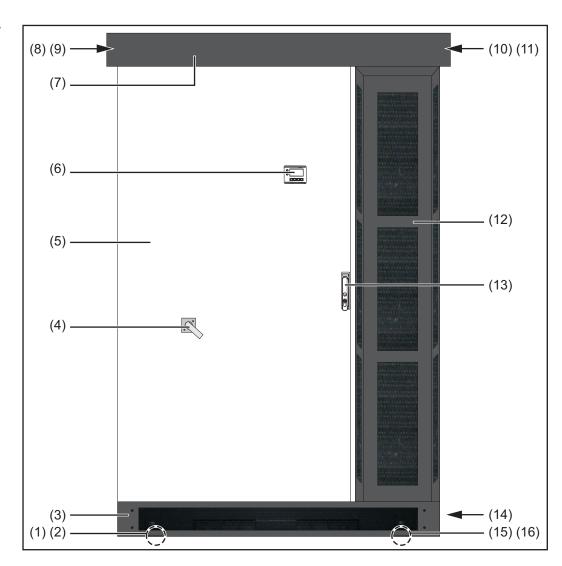
The inverter is able to accommodate a wide variety of system add-ons, such as:

- a datalogger, to enable a PC to record and manage data from a photovoltaic system
- various large-format displays
- interfaces to transfer system data in a freely accessible format
- devices to combine and monitor solar module strings

The inverter is not designed to be used with optional plug-in cards. System add-ons must be installed in a separate housing.

Description of the device

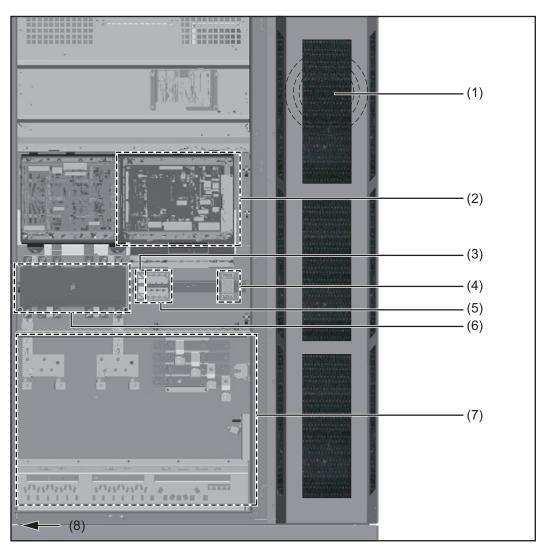
Outside of invert-



Item	Description				
(1) (2)	Mounting lug (front and rear)				
(3)	Front base-cover (opposite: rear base-cover)				
	Behind the front base-cover the forklift truck receptacle is located.				
(4)	DC main switch, lockable when switched off				
	IMPORTANT! The door cannot be opened when the DC main switch is switched on.				
(5)	Door				
(6)	Control elements (display, buttons, monitoring and status LEDs)				
(7)	Exhaust air hood				
(8) (9)	Lifting eye for crane transport (front and rear, under the exhaust air hood)				
(10) (11)	Lifting eye for crane transport (front and rear, under the exhaust air hood)				
(12)	Air inlet grille				

Item	Description
(13)	Door handle (lockable)
(14)	Right side panel (opposite: left side panel)
(15) (16)	Mounting lug (front and rear)

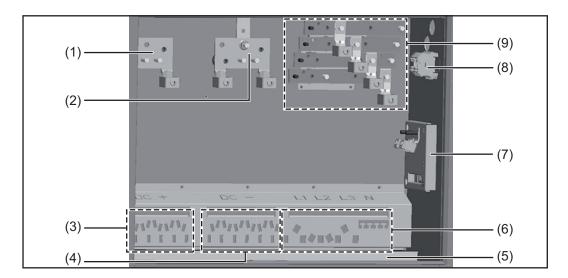
Inverter interior



Item	Designation
(1)	Fan (behind the air inlet grille)
(2)	Data communication area
(3)	Fuse holder for operation with solar modules grounded to the negative pole: DC- to PE
(4)	2-pin automatic circuit breaker to protect the AC power supply
(5)	4-pin automatic circuit breaker to protect the measuring lines on the grid side
(6)	DC main switch
	The DC main switch shaft is not fitted when the inverter is delivered.

- (7) Connection area
- (8) Door catch (not shown)

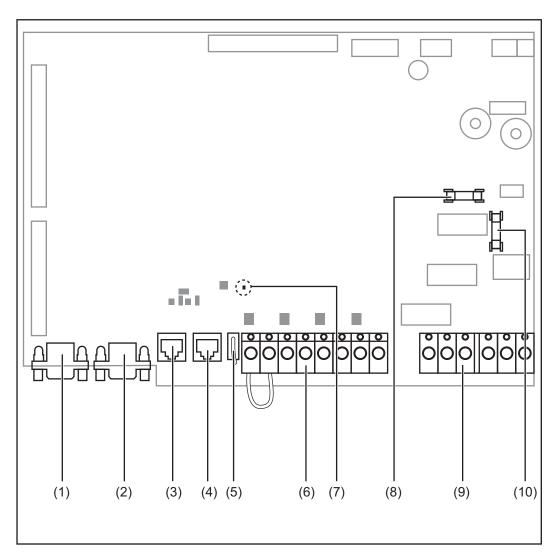
Connection compartment



Item	Description
(1)	DC+ connections
(2)	DC- connections
(3)	Openings for attaching the strain-relief clamps* for the DC+ cable
(4)	Openings for attaching the strain-relief clamps* for the DC- cable
(5)	Cable input opening with sliding cover and seal
(6)	Openings for attaching the strain-relief clamps* for the AC cable
(7)	Grounding terminal for AC cable
(8)	AC power supply
(9)	Mains connections L1, L2, L3 and N

^{*} The strain-relief clamps and other installation and connection accessories are part of the scope of supply of the inverter.

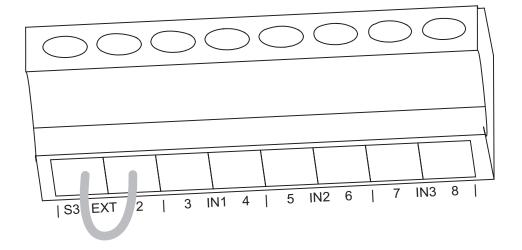
Data communication area



Item	Description
(1) (2)	for future use
(3)	Solar Net IN connection socket 'Fronius Solar Net' input, for connecting to other DATCOM components (e.g. inverter, sensor box, etc.)
(4)	Solar Net OUT connection socket 'Fronius Solar Net' output, for connecting to other DATCOM components (e.g. inverter, sensor box, etc.)
(5)	VSR connection socket for connecting an external measuring and monitoring relay
	The contact must be potential-free. Contact rating 24 V / 10 mA

Item Description

(6) NO/alarm terminals



S3 - 2 EXT

for connecting an external NO contact, e.g. to isolate the device from the grid voltage using an AC contactor; connected using bracket when delivered.

3 - 4 IN1

for connecting and evaluating a floating alarm contact

5 -6 IN2 for connecting and evaluating a floating alarm contact

7 - 8 IN3 for connecting and evaluating a floating alarm contact

The contacts must be potential-free.

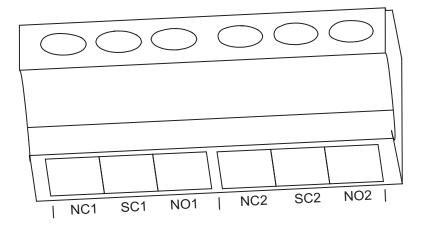
Contact rating 24 V / 10 mA
Cable cross-section: 0.5 - 6 mm²

Tightening torque of terminals: 0.8 - 1.6 Nm

- (7) 'Solar Net' LED shows the current status of the Fronius Solar Net
- (8) Fuse F1 for switched-mode power supply, 4 A slow-blow

Item Description

(9) Relay output terminals



NC1 NC for relay contact 1

SC1 Relay contact 1

NO1 NO for relay contact 1

NC2 NC for relay contact 2

SC2 Relay contact 2

NO2 NO for relay contact 2

Cable cross-section: 0.5 - 6 mm²

Tightening torque of terminals: 0.8 - 1.6 Nm

Max. continuous current: 16 A

Switching load: 500 mW (10 V / 5 mA)

Switching capacity: 16 A / 250 V (AC1) and 16 A / 30 V (DC1)

The relay outputs are not protected.

Relay contacts can be assigned different functions in the Basic service menu. The access code 22742 must be entered to access the Basic service menu:

- Press the 'Menu' key
- Select 'Setup' mode
- Press the unassigned 'Esc' button five times
- Enter the access code 22742
- Select the 'Switch contact 1' or 'Switch contact 2' parameter
- Set the desired relay contact function
- (10) F2 fuse, 4 A slow-blow

Possible relay contact functions

Function	Switch contact activation criterion ¹⁾	Switch contact de- activation criterion ²⁾	Description
Off	-	Permanently OFF	Function switched off
On	Permanently ON	-	Test function for NO/ alarm contact
AC Open	AC contactor is open	AC contactor is closed	No contactor error signal or AC grid
Fan On	Cabinet fan in opera- tion	Cabinet fan not working	
> 40 °C	max. internal tem- perature >/= 40 °C	max. internal tem- perature = 30 °C</td <td>External ventilation / air conditioning can be activated</td>	External ventilation / air conditioning can be activated
> 50 °C	max. internal tem- perature >/= 50 °C	max. internal tem- perature = 40 °C</td <td>DO GOLIVATOR</td>	DO GOLIVATOR
Sig. Rel.	NO/alarm contact trips	Error confirmation at the touch of a button	Status indicator / re- lay contact switches
Running	Inverter feeding en- ergy into the grid	Inverter not feeding energy into the grid	Control of powered non-return valve
Warning	Defined warning sta- tus codes	Error confirmation at the touch of a button	NO/alarm contact activation, when certain warning status codes occur at a specific frequency according to the 'Error-Counter' Service menu
Error	Defined error status codes	Error confirmation at the touch of a button	NO/alarm contact activation, when certain error status codes occur at a specific frequency according to the 'Error-Counter' Service menu

¹⁾ Activation = the NC for the relay contact opens, the NO closes

²⁾ Deactivation = the NC for the relay contact closes, the NO opens

Data communication and Solar Net

Solar Net and data interface

Fronius Solar Net was developed to make system add-ons flexible and capable of being used in a wide variety of different applications. Fronius Solar Net is a data network that enables more than one inverter to be linked up using system add-ons.

It is a bus system. A single cable is all that is required for one or more inverters to communicate with all the system add-ons.

Fronius Solar Net automatically recognises a wide variety of system add-ons.

In order to distinguish between several identical system add-ons, each one must be assigned a unique number.

Similarly, every inverter on the Fronius Solar Net must be assigned a unique number. Refer to the section entitled 'The Setup-Menu' for instructions on how to assign a unique number.

More detailed information on the individual system add-ons can be found in the relevant operating instructions or on the internet at http://www.fronius.com.

More detailed information on cabling DATCOM components can be found at http://www.fronius.com - Solar Electronics / Info & Support / Document downloads / Operating instructions / System monitoring / Fronius DATCOM cabling guide.

Overcurrent and undervoltage cutout

The data communications electronics have a cut-out function that interrupts the power supply in the Fronius Solar Net:

- in response to overcurrent, e.g. in the event of a short circuit
- in response to undervoltage

The overcurrent and undervoltage cut-out does not depend on the current flow direction. If the Fronius Solar Net measures a current flow > 3 A or a voltage < 6.5 V, the power supply in the Fronius Solar Net is interrupted.

The power supply is restored automatically.

Description of the 'Fronius Solar Net' LED

The 'Fronius Solar Net' LED is on:

the power supply for data communication within the Fronius Solar Net is OK

The 'Fronius Solar Net' LED is off:

data communication error in the Fronius Solar Net

- Overcurrent (current flow > 3 A, e.g. resulting from a short circuit in the Fronius Solar Net)
- Undervoltage (not a short circuit, voltage in Fronius Solar Net < 6.5 V, e.g. if there are too many DATCOM components on the Fronius Solar Net and not enough electrical power is available)

In this case, power for the DATCOM components must be supplied by connecting an external power unit to one of the DATCOM components.

To detect the presence of an undervoltage, check some of the other DATCOM components as required.

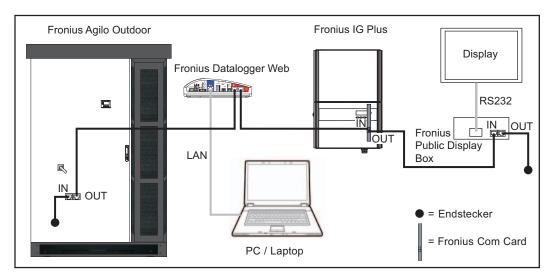
The 'Fronius Solar Net' LED flashes briefly every 5 seconds:

following a shutdown as the result of an overcurrent or undervoltage, the inverter attempts to restore the power supply to the Fronius Solar Net every 5 seconds while the fault persists.

Once the fault is rectified, power to the Fronius Solar Net will be restored within 5 seconds.

Example

Recording and archiving of inverter data using Fronius Datalogger Web, data output on external display:



Captions:

Fronius Solar Net data network with

- 1 Fronius Agilo Outdoor
- 1 Fronius IG Plus with a 'Fronius Com Card'
- 1 Fronius Datalogger Web with LAN interface for connecting to a PC/laptop
- 1 Fronius Public Display Box
- 1 external display

Communication between the individual components themselves is handled by Fronius Solar Net.

Installation and commissioning

Choice of location

General comments regarding choice of location

The inverter is primarily designed for installation outdoors.

Provided there is sufficient ventilation, the inverter may also be used in an indoor environment.

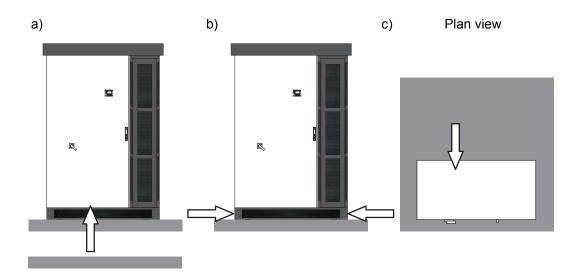
The following points must also be taken into account in the choice of location:

- the cabling into the inverter,
- the specified bending radii of the cables,
- adequate bearing capacity per m² of floor for weight of the inverter:
 Fronius Agilo Outdoor 100.0-3 ... 806 kg
 Fronius Agilo Outdoor 75.0-3 ... 732 kg

IMPORTANT! The adequate bearing capacity of the floor must be ensured before introducing and setting up the inverter!

Cabling into the inverter

The AC cable, DC cable and the data communications cable, if required, can be fed into the inverter as follows:



- a) from below (e.g. via a cable duct or a false floor, maximum cable cross-section = 240 mm²)
- b) from the side through the base
- c) from the rear through the base

Feeding the cabling through the base is only possible for cables with a cross-section of max. 120 mm².

Feeding the cabling from the rear is only possible for cables with a cross-section of max. 95 mm².

IMPORTANT! If AC cables, DC cables and data communication cables are fed together into the inverter, ensure adequate insulation is provided between the AC/DC cables and the data communication cables.

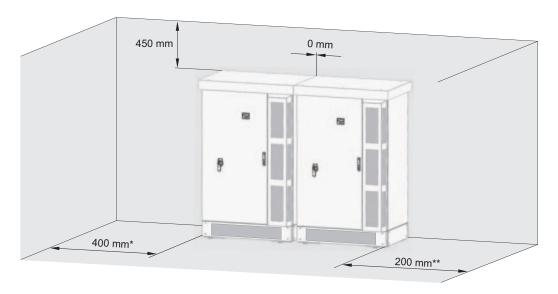
Criteria influencing choice of location

Place on a solid, even. level and fire-resistant surface only.

Max. ambient temperatures: -25 °C; +50 °C

Can be used at altitudes of up to 2000 m

Maintain the following lateral clearances between the inverter and a wall:



* Wall - left side of inverter:

min. 400 mm (to permit the door to be opened fully)

min. 50 mm (to open the door 90°)

** Wall - right side of inverter:

min. 200 mm (to permit the air inlet grille to be opened fully)

min. 80 mm (to open the air inlet grille 90°)

Two or more inverters can be placed side-by-side or back-to-back.

The airflow within the inverter is from the front to the top (cold air taken in at the front, hot air emitted out of the top).

Because of its degree of protection, the inverter is not susceptible to splash water from any direction.

Ideally, the inverter should be installed in a protected location, e.g., under a roof overhang.

Unsuitable locations

Do not install the inverter:

- in areas in which a heavy build-up of dust containing conductive particles (e.g. iron chips) is likely
- where it can be exposed to ammonia, corrosive gasses, acids or salts (e.g., fertilizerstorage areas, vent openings of livestock stables, chemical plants, tanneries)
- in areas where there is an increased risk of damage from farm animals (horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, etc.)

Transport

Transport

The inverter weighs approx. 806 kg and can be transported as follows:

- by its lifting eyes, e.g. using a crane or other suitable lifting gear and tackle
- by its forklift truck receptacle, e.g. using a forklift truck, lift truck or crane in conjunction with pallet forks

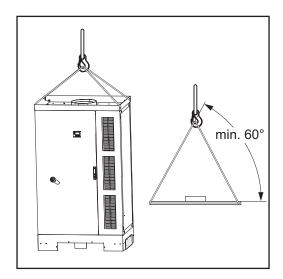
Transporting by its lifting eyes using a crane

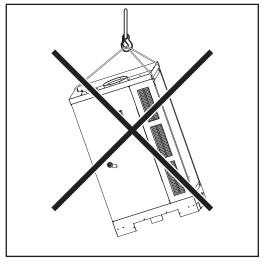
Transporting by its lifting eyes using a crane is only possible, when the exhaust air hood is dismantled .



WARNING! Falling equipment can cause serious or even fatal injury. When transporting the inverter using a crane

- always use all four of the lifting eyes provided for this purpose,
- the length of the lifting tackle (chain, rope, strap, etc.) must be chosen so that the angle between the lifting tackle and the horizontal is at least 60°.





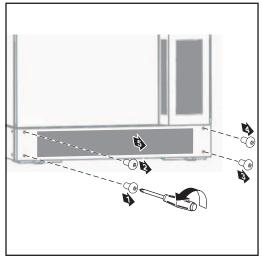
Transporting by crane using pallet fork



WARNING! Falling equipment can cause serious or even fatal injury. When transporting the inverter using a crane and pallet fork

- the pallet fork must have a headroom of at least 1950 mm
- always insert the pallet fork into the forklift truck receptacle
- always insert the pallet fork completely into the forklift truck receptacle
- secure the inverter to prevent it slipping off the pallet fork

Remove the front and rear base covers from on the inverter before transporting it using a pallet fork, forklift truck or lift truck.





Remove the front base cover

Remove the rear base cover

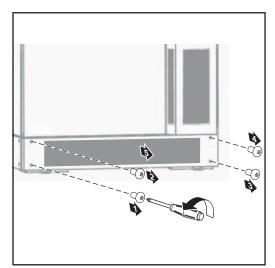
Transporting by forklift truck or lift truck



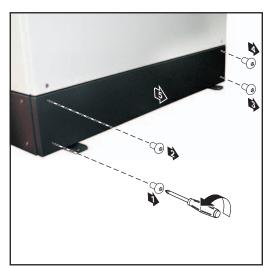
WARNING! Equipment that falls or topples over can cause serious or even fatal injury.

- always insert the fork into the forklift truck receptacle
- always insert the fork completely into the forklift truck receptacle
- secure the inverter to prevent it slipping off the fork or falling over
- avoid sudden changes in direction, braking or acceleration

Remove the front base-cover and the rear base-cover from the inverter before transporting it using a pallet fork, forklift truck or lift truck.



Removing the front base-cover



Removing the rear base-cover

Positioning the inverter

Prerequisites



WARNING! Equipment that falls or topples over can cause serious or even fatal injury.

- Place the inverter on a solid, level surface in such a way that it remains stable.
- Do not under any circumstances tip the inverter while it is being positioned.

Before positioning the inverter, clarify how the cables are going to be fed in. If it is not going to be possible to feed any cables into the inverter once it has been positioned, all the AC, DC and data communication cables must, before the inverter is put in place,

- be dimensioned accordingly,
- protrude at least 650 mm out of the floor.



CAUTION! Risk of cable damage as a result of shearing or bending. if any cables are protruding out of the floor, use a crane or forklift truck to lift the inverter over the cables and position the inverter in its desired location.

Positioning the inverter

IMPORTANT! Ensure that any covers which were removed previously are refitted before the inverter is moved to its final position (e.g. fit the rear base-cover before positioning the inverter up against a wall).



WARNING! Equipment that topples over can cause serious or even fatal injury.

- Place the inverter on a solid, level surface in such a way that it remains stable.
- Fix the inverter at the mounting lugs firmly to the ground.

Fixing material for fixing the inverter on the ground is not included with the inverter. The installer is responsible for the proper selection of dowels, screws, etc..

- Transport the inverter to its location
- Fit any covers that will no longer be accessible once the inverter is in its final position
- 3 Move the inverter into its final position
- Adjust the inverter horizontally using the leveling feet.

The leveling feet are located at the bottom of the inverter, for better accessibility optionally remove the left and right base-cover.

Depending on the accessibility fix the inverter with suitable dowels and screws ideally 4 x at the mounting lugs on the floor.

Notes regarding the air supply

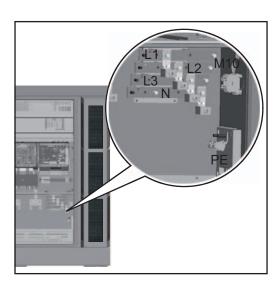
If the inverter is positioned in a protected area, the air supply to the inverter must be at least 1200 m³/h (approx. 20 m³/min).

Connecting the inverter to the public grid (AC)

Monitoring the grid

IMPORTANT! To provide the best possible grid monitoring, the resistance in the leads to the mains connections should be as low as possible.

Mains connections



Legend:

- L1 Phase conductor
- L2 Phase conductor
- L3 Phase conductor
- N Neutral conductor
- PE Ground conductor / grounding



NOTE! Ensure that the grid neutral conductor is grounded.

IMPORTANT! Only the following cables may be connected to V-type terminals:

- RE (round single-wire)
- RM (round multi-strand)
- SE (sector-shaped single-wire)
- SM (sector-shaped multi-strand)
- fine-core cables, in conjunction with ferrules only

Fine-core cables without ferrules may only be connected to the M10 threaded bolts of the mains connections using a suitable M10 cable lug; tightening torque = 18 Nm

Connecting aluminium cables

Aluminium cables can be connected to the mains connections.



NOTE! When connecting aluminium cables:

- observe national and international guidelines regarding the connection of aluminium cables
- follow the instructions of the cable manufacturer
- check every year that the cables are securely attached in accordance with the specified torque.

Max. cross-section of AC cables

The max. cable cross-section of AC cables when feeding them in from below is 240 mm².

Safety



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger due to grid voltage and DC voltage from solar modules.

- Make sure that both the AC side and the DC side of the inverter are de-energised before making any connections.
- Only an authorised electrical engineer is permitted to connect this equipment to the public grid.



CAUTION! Risk of damage to the inverter as the result of incorrectly tightened cable connections. Incorrectly tightened cable connections can cause heat damage to the inverter that may result in a fire. When connecting AC and DC cables, ensure that all the cables are tightened to the inverter terminals with the specified torque.

Connecting the inverter to the public grid



NOTE! Ensure that the phases are connected in the right order: L1, L2, L3, N and PE.

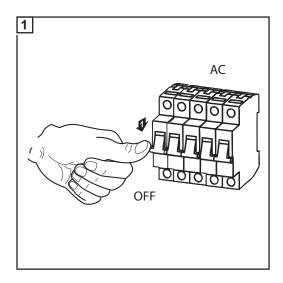
After connecting the phases, check the rotary field of the grid using a rotary field measuring device. The inverter is designed for a clockwise rotary field.

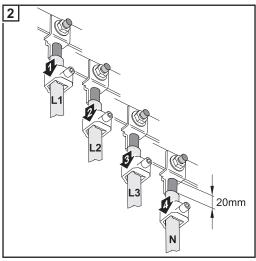
IMPORTANT!

Minimum cable cross section for the ground conductor PE:

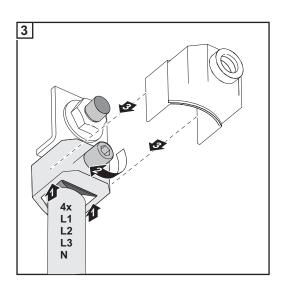
10 mm² für Copper wire

16 mm² für Aluminium wire





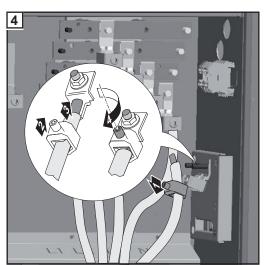
- Feed the AC cable into the inverter, observing the bending radii specified by the cable manufacturer
- Strip sheath from AC cable
- Strip at least 20 mm of wire from phase conductors L1 - L3, neutral conductor N and ground conductor PE
- Align phase conductors L1 L3 and neutral conductor N with the grid connections according to the phase
- Push the AC terminal over the phase conductor, the neutral conductor and the ground conductor



- Push the AC terminal up and over the grid connection and the bare end of the cable
- Tighten the AC terminal:5 mm Allen key

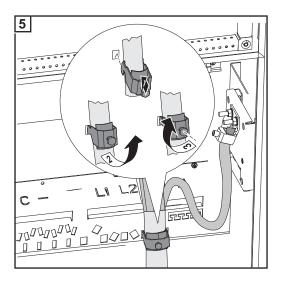
Tightening torque = 12 Nm

- Place the insulation caps onto the grid connections
- Repeat the process for phase conductors L2 and L3 and the neutral conductor N



- Align the ground conductor PE with the grounding terminal
- Push the PE terminal up and over the grounding terminal and the bare end of the cable
- Tighten the PE terminal: 5 mm Allen key

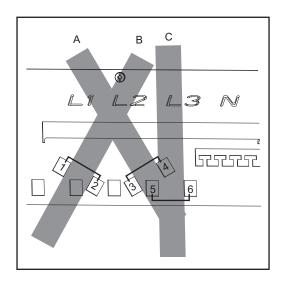
Tightening torque = 12 Nm



- Place the AC cable in the clamp of the strain-relief device
- Attach the clamps of the strain-relief device to the rail
- Secure the AC cable with the clamps of the strain-relief device



NOTE! Different openings are available on the rail for attaching the clamps of the strain-relief device, depending on the cable routing.



e.g.:

- A cable routed at an angle from the bottom right attach the clamp for the strain-relief device to positions 3 and 4
- B cable routed at an angle from the bottom left attach the clamp for the strain-relief device to positions 1 and 2
- C vertical cable routing attach the clamp for the strain-relief device to positions 5 and 6

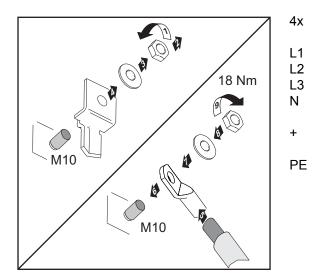
Connecting AC cables with a cable lug

Alternatively, an AC cable with a cable lug can be connected to the M10 threaded bolts on the mains connections in order to connect the AC cables to the V-type terminals.



NOTE! Ensure that the phases are connected in the right order: L1, L2, L3, N and PE.

After connecting the phases, check the rotary field of the grid using a rotary field measuring device. The inverter is designed for a clockwise rotary field.

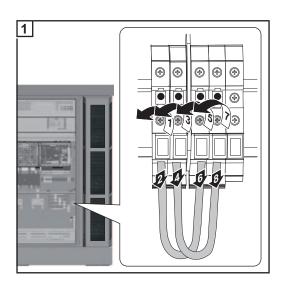


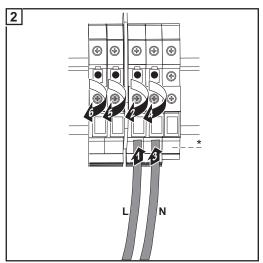
Maximum fuse rating on alternating current side

Inverter	Phases	Nominal output	Fuse protection
Fronius Agilo 75.0-3	3	100 kVA	3 x 200 A
Fronius Agilo 100.0-3	3	100 kVA	3 x 200 A

Connecting an external AC supply for the inverter

Procedure for connecting an external AC supply for the inverter (e.g. to provide an external supply to controllers or fans):





* If present, connect ground conductor to grounding terminal 9

Fitting and connecting optional overvoltage protection

General

Standard type II overvoltage protection can be fitted in the inverter as an option:

- for the DC side,
- for the AC side,
- for the external AC supply of the inverter.

DIN rails and passage openings to the AC and DC terminals for the cables are provided in the inverter for fitting overvoltage protection.

The existing remote contacts on the overvoltage protection can be connected to the NO/ alarm contact terminals in the data communication area. In the event of a fault, the incoming signals can then be evaluated and shown on the display.

Overvoltage protection is not included in the scope of supply of the inverter. The engineer is responsible for the correct selection of the relevant overvoltage protection so as to comply with national and international regulations.

Safety



WARNING! Work that is carried out incorrectly can cause serious injury and damage. Overvoltage protection must only ever be installed and connected by a qualified electrical installation engineer!

Follow the safety rules!

Make sure that both the AC side and the DC side of the inverter are de-energised before carrying out any installation or connection work.



NOTE! Installing a Type I overvoltage protection device in the inverter is prohibited.

Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the DC side

IMPORTANT!

- Provide a separate grounding terminal for each overvoltage protection device
- Make sure that the cables have adequate insulation resistance.
- Fit overvoltage protection to the DIN rail on the DC side according to the manufacturer's instructions
- Fit a grounding terminal to the DIN rail on the DC side
- Remove the 2 blank screw joints on the DC side
- Insert 2 M20 screw joints from the inverter's accessories kit into the openings and secure them with the hexagonal nuts of the blank screw joint
- **5** Prepare the cable:
 - Strip the cable on the overvoltage protection side
 - Fit the M10 cable lug on the DC connection side

Max. cable cross-section must comply with the instructions of the overvoltage protection manufacturer.

- 6 Open the M20 screw joints
- Feed the cable through
- 8 Connect the cable to the overvoltage protection device according to the manufacturer's instructions

- Use the M10 hexagonal nut and the washer to connect the cable with the correct polarity at the central M10 threaded bolt of the relevant DC connection
- [10] Close the M20 screw joints
- Connect the overvoltage protection to the grounding terminal
- If available, connect the remote contacts of the overvoltage protection device with two cables to the NO/alarm contact terminals in the data communication area

Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection on the AC side

IMPORTANT!

- Provide a separate grounding terminal for each overvoltage protection device
- Make sure that the cables have adequate insulation resistance.
- Fit overvoltage protection to the DIN rail on the AC side according to the manufacturer's instructions
- Fit a grounding terminal to the DIN rail on the AC side
- Remove 3-4 blank screw joints on the AC side, depending on the overvoltage protection
- Insert 3-4 M20 screw joints from the inverter's accessories kit into the openings and secure them with the hexagonal nuts of the blank screw joint
- 5 Prepare the cable:
 - Strip the cable on the overvoltage protection side
 - Fit the M10 cable lug on the AC connection side

Max. cable cross-section must comply with the instructions of the overvoltage protection manufacturer.

- 6 Open the M20 screw joints
- Feed the cable through
- Connect the cable to the overvoltage protection device according to the manufacturer's instructions
- © Connect the cable to the upper part of the relevant AC connection in the correct phase sequence

Tightening torque = 18 Nm

- Close the M20 screw joints
- Connect the overvoltage protection to the grounding terminal
- If available, connect the remote contacts of the overvoltage protection device with two cables to the NO/alarm contact terminals in the data communication area

Fitting and connecting overvoltage protection for the AC- supply

IMPORTANT!

- Provide a separate grounding terminal for each overvoltage protection device
- Make sure that the cables have adequate insulation resistance.
- Fit overvoltage protection to the DIN rail on the AC side according to the manufacturer's instructions
- Fit a grounding terminal to the DIN rail
- 3 Strip the cable on both sides

Max. cable cross-section must comply with the instructions of the overvoltage protection manufacturer.

Connect cables L1 and N on the overvoltage protection device according to the manufacturer's instructions

- [5] Run the cable to the 2-pin automatic circuit breaker to safeguard the AC power supply
- Connect cables L1 and N on the automatic circuit breaker in the correct phase sequence
- 7 Connect the overvoltage protection to the grounding terminal
- If available, connect the remote contacts of the overvoltage protection device with two cables to the NO/alarm contact terminals in the data communication area
- Bind the cable with cable ties if necessary

Connecting the DC cable to the inverter

General comments regarding solar modules

To enable suitable solar modules to be chosen and to use the inverter as efficiently as possible, it is important to bear the following points in mind:

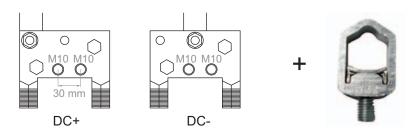
- If insolation is constant and the temperature is falling, the open circuit voltage of the solar modules will increase. The open circuit voltage must not exceed 950 V.
 If the open circuit voltage exceeds 950 V, the inverter will be destroyed and no warranty claims will be entertained.
- More exact values for dimensioning the solar modules can be provided by suitable calculation programs, like the Fronius Solar.configurator (which can be downloaded from www.fronius.com).



NOTE! Before connecting the solar modules, check:

- that the voltage specified by the manufacturer corresponds to the actual measured voltage.
- whether the solar modules need to be grounded.

DC connections



IMPORTANT! Only the following cables may be connected to V-type terminals:

- RE (round single-wire)
- RM (round multi-strand)
- SE (sector-shaped single-wire)
- SM (sector-shaped multi-strand)
- fine-core cables, in conjunction with ferrules only

Fine-core cables without ferrules may only be connected to the M10 threaded bolts of the DC connections using a suitable M10 cable lug; tightening torque = 30 Nm

Connecting aluminium cables

Aluminium cables can also be connected to the DC connections.



NOTE! When connecting aluminium cables:

- observe national and international guidelines regarding the connection of aluminium cables
- follow the instructions of the cable manufacturer
- Once a year, make sure that the cables are securely connected according to the specified torque.

Max. cross-section of DC cables

The DC connections on the inverter are designed for cables with a cross-section of max. 240 mm².

With this maximum cross-section, 2 cables can be connected to each pole.

Safety



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger due to grid voltage and DC voltage from solar modules.

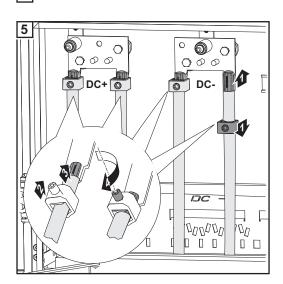
- Make sure that both the AC side and the DC side of the inverter are de-energised before making any connections.
- Only an authorised electrical engineer is permitted to connect this equipment to the public grid.



CAUTION! Risk of damage to the inverter as the result of incorrectly tightened terminals. Incorrectly tightened terminals can cause heat damage to the inverter that may result in a fire. When connecting AC and DC cables, ensure that all the terminals are tightened to the specified torque.

Connecting DC cables

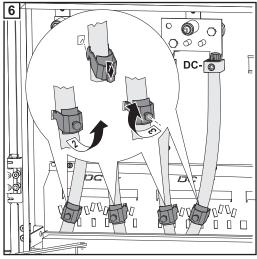
- Remove contact protectors
- Feed the DC cable into the inverter, observing the bending radii specified by the cable manufacturer
- 3 Strip at least 25 mm of insulation from the DC cable
- Align the DC cable with the DC connections



- Push the DC terminal over the DC cable
- Push the DC terminal up and over the DC connection and the bare end of the cable
- Tighten the DC terminal:6 mm Allen key

Tightening torque = 25 Nm

Repeat this process for every DC cable

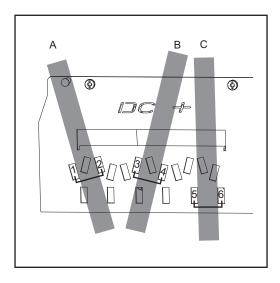


- Place the DC cable in the clamp of the strain-relief device
- Attach the clamp of the strain-relief device to the rail
- Secure the DC cable with the clamp of the strain-relief device
- Repeat this process for every DC cable

Fit the contact protectors



NOTE! Different openings are available on the rail for attaching the clamps of the strain-relief device, depending on the cable routing.



e.g.:

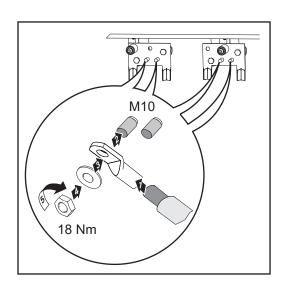
- A cable routed at an angle from the bottom right attach the clamp for the strain-relief device to positions 1 and 2
- B cable routed at an angle from the bottom left attach the clamp for the strain-relief device to positions 3 and 4
- C vertical cable routing attach the clamp for the strain-relief device to positions 5 and 6

Connecting DC cables with a cable lug

Alternatively, a DC cable with a cable lug can be connected to the M10 threaded bolts on the DC connections in order to connect the DC cables to the V-type terminals.



NOTE! Ensure the polarity is correct when connecting the DC cables.



2x DC+

2x DC-

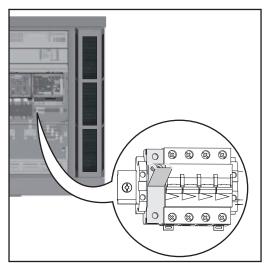
Fuse protection against polarity reversal of DC cables The inverter is fitted with a fuse to protect against any polarity reversal of the DC cables. The fuse will blow if the inverter is activated with the polarity of the DC cables reversed. Status code 307 "DC low" is shown on the display, even in the event of sufficient levels of insolation.

Should this occur, the reverse polarity protection fuse must be replaced as described under "Replacing fuses" in the "Troubleshooting and maintenance" section.

Grounding the solar modules in the inverter

General

Some manufacturers of solar modules stipulate that the module must be grounded.

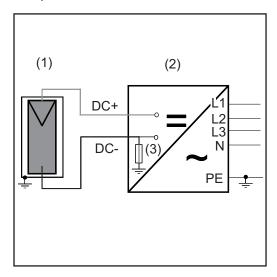


Locking ring for solar module grounding on the negative pole

Inside the inverter is a means for grounding solar modules to the negative pole via a fuse.

Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse

Grounding the solar module to the negative pole via a fuse



- (1) Solar module
- (2) Inverter
- (3) Fuse

Fronius recommends the following fuse when grounding the solar module to the negative pole:

nominal current rating 3 A / 1000 V, fuse dimensions 10 x 38 mm

IMPORTANT! Fuses for grounding the solar module are not part of the scope of supply of the inverter. If the manufacturer of the solar module stipulates that grounding is required, an appropriate fuse must be ordered separately



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger of electric shock if the solar module is not grounded or is not grounded properly.

To comply with IEC 62109-2, any grounding required by the manufacturer of the solar module within the inverter must only be carried out via the specified fuse.

Safety



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger from DC voltage in solar modules. The inverter's insulation monitoring is deactivated when the solar modules are grounded.

- Ensure that grounded solar modules are designed so that they are isolated according to Protection Class II
- Place the relevant safety sticker in a clearly visible place on the photovoltaic system
- Configure the inverter so that a warning message is displayed if the fuse trips



Warning sticker for solar module grounding

IMPORTANT! The warning sticker and the fuse for grounding the solar module are not part of the scope of supply of the inverter and must be ordered separately.

Configuring the inverter for grounded solar modules

The inverter's insulation monitoring must be deactivated when the solar modules are grounded. At the second level of the Setup menu, the inverter must be configured so that when the grounding fuse trips, an error message is displayed or the inverter is switched off (according to the country setup).

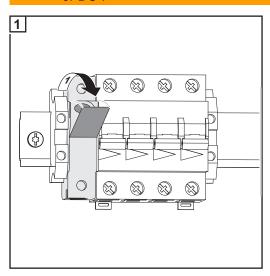
Access code 22742 must be entered in order to access the 2nd level of the Setup menu.

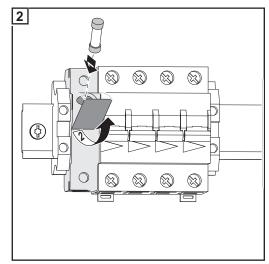
Grounding the solar module on the negative pole: inserting a fuse



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger from DC voltage in solar modules.

The DC main switch is only to be used to de-energise the power stage set. Grounding of the solar module on the negative pole remains in effect, even when the DC main switch is switched off. Do not under any circumstances touch DC+ or DC-.





Inserting the fuse grounds the solar modules on the negative pole.

Closing the inverter

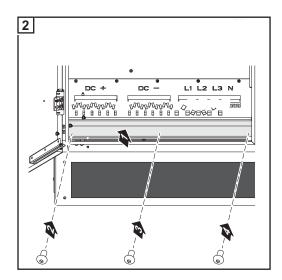
Closing the inverter



WARNING! An inadequate ground conductor connection can cause serious injury or damage.

The screws on the air inlet grille and on the covers provide a suitable ground conductor connection for the housing; these screws must not under any circumstances be replaced by other screws that do not provide a reliable ground conductor connection.

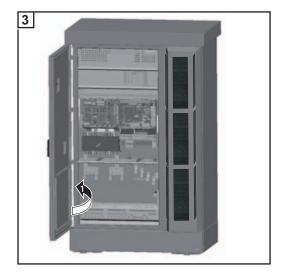
Check that all covers and contact protection devices are fitted; fit any covers and contact protection devices that are missing

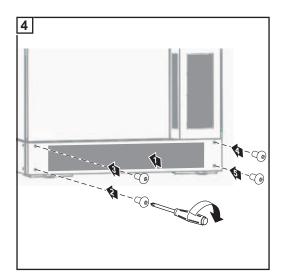


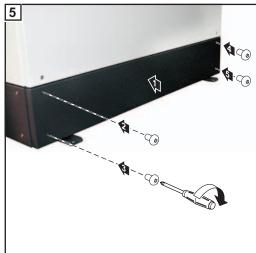
Tightening torque = 3 Nm



NOTE! To avoid damaging the DC main switch, only close the door of the inverter once the switch itself is switched to the "OFF" position.







Tightening torque = 3 Nm

Using for the first time

Factory configuration

The inverter is preconfigured in the factory. The language and the time must be set when the inverter is used for the first time.

Refer to the section in this manual entitled 'The Setup Menu' for the individual configuration options.

Using for the first time

After connecting the DC cable to the inverter and the inverter to the grid (AC):

- Insert covers and contact protection
- Close and secure air inlet grilles
- Close door
- Turn the DC main switch to the 1 position

If the solar modules are producing enough voltage, the inverter will enter the startup phase. The inverter is about to start up automatically.

Once the inverter has completed its automatic startup, the operating state LED will show steady green.

Provided that energy continues to be fed into the grid, the operating state LED will remain steady green to confirm that the inverter is functioning correctly.

A window then appears for setting the language:



- + = 5 Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select the desired language
- Press the 'Enter' key to set the language

The time and the date must then be set:



The time is displayed (HH:MM:SS, 24-hour format), the hours field starts flashing.

- + 7 Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select a value for the hour
- Press the 'Enter' key

The minutes field starts flashing.

Repeats steps 7 and 8 for the minutes and seconds until...





the set time starts flashing.

Press the 'Enter' key



The time is applied and the date now appears (DD.MM.YYYY), the day field starts flashing.

- + Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select a value for the day
- Press the 'Enter' key



The month field starts flashing.

Repeat steps 11 and 12 for the month and the last 2 digits of the year until ...



the set date starts flashing.

Press the 'Enter' key

If setting of the language and the time are skipped by pressing the Back key and no settings are made during the setup, these two prompts appear again the next time the inverter is started.

Configuring the inverter for existing solar module grounding



NOTE! If the solar module is already grounded on the negative pole, the appropriate grounding method must be set in the 'Basic Service Menu' when the inverter is switched on.

The access code 22742 must be entered in order to access the 'Basic Service Menu'.

- Confirm any status codes that are displayed by pressing 'Enter'
- Press the 'Menu' key
- Press the unassigned 'Menu / Esc' key 5 times



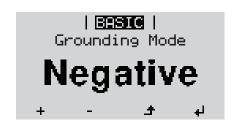
Enter the access code 22742

The inverter is now in the 'Basic Service Menu' and the first parameter 'DC operating mode' is displayed.











- + = 5 Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select the 'Grounding Mode' parameter
- Press the 'Enter' key

'Grounding method' is displayed.

Press the 'Enter' key

The currently selected grounding method is displayed.

Off = un-grounded system (no solar module grounding) Factory setting

+ = 8 Use the 'up' or 'down' buttons to select the 'Negative' grounding method

Negative = solar module grounded on the negative pole:

Press the 'Enter' key

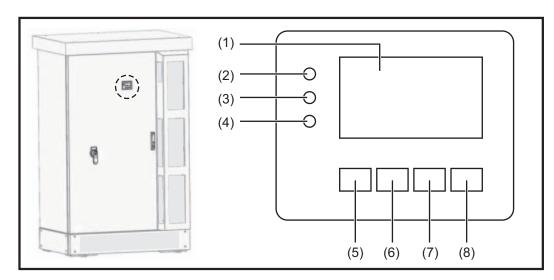
The 'Negative' grounding method is applied, 'Grounding method' and 'Grounding monitoring' are displayed.

To quit the 'Basic Service Menu', press the 'Esc' key twice



Controls and indicators

Controls and indicators

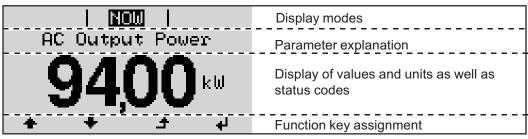


Item	Description	
(1)	Display for displaying values, settings and menus	
	Monitoring and status LEDs	
(2)	General status LED (red) lights when there is a status code on the display	
(3)	Startup LED (orange) for displaying whether the inverter is in its startup phase or is on standby	
(4)	Operating state LED (green) for displaying the operating state	
	Function keys - allocated different functions depending on the selection:	
(5)	'Left/up' key for navigating to the left and up	
(6)	'Down/right' key for navigating down and to the right	
(7)	'Menu/Esc' key for switching to the menu level for quitting the Setup menu	
(8)	'Enter' key for confirming a selection	

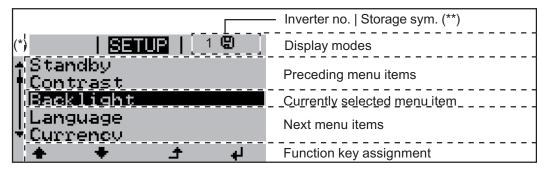
Display

Power for the display comes from the mains voltage. The display is therefore available permanently.

IMPORTANT! The display on the inverter is not a calibrated measuring device. A slight inaccuracy of a few percent from the energy meter used by the energy supply company is intrinsic to the system. A calibrated meter will be needed to calculate the bills for the energy supply company.



Display areas in display mode



Display areas in setup mode

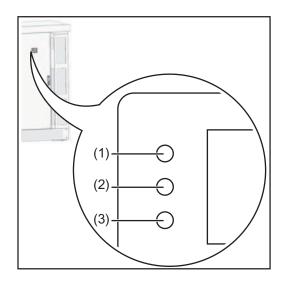
- (*) Scroll bar
- (**) INV no. = Inverter DATCOM number, Save symbol - appears briefly while the selected values are being saved

Symbols showing function key allocation

The following symbols are displayed to indicate the function key assignments:

4	Navigate: left	
	Navigate: up	
+	Increase value	
•	Navigate: right	
•	Navigate: down	
_	Reduce value	
_	Menu / Back	
4	Enter	

Monitoring and status LEDs



- (1) General status LED (red)
- (2) Startup LED (orange)
- (3) Operating state LED (green)

LED	Colour	Activity	Explanation
(1)	red	lights up	General status: the relevant status code is shown on the display
			Interruption while feeding energy into the grid
			While error handling (the inverter waits for an acknowledgement or for an error to be rectified)
(2)	(2) orange light	lights up	The inverter will enter its automatic startup or self-test phase as soon after sunrise as the solar modules are delivering sufficient power
			The inverter has been switched to standby mode in the setup menu = grid power feed operation switched off manually
			The inverter software is being updated
(3)	green	lights up	The LED lights up after the automatic startup phase of the inverter, provided energy is being fed into the grid. The photovoltaic system is working properly.

A list of the relevant status codes, and causes and remedies can be found in the 'Status diagnosis and repair' section under 'Maintenance and service'.

Startup phase and feeding energy into the grid

Startup phase

Once it has been switched on automatically, the inverter carries out the following tests and checks:

- Self-test of all important inverter components the inverter runs through a virtual checklist
- b) Synchronisation with the grid
- c) Startup test

Before the inverter starts feeding energy into the grid, the grid conditions according to national regulations are tested.

Depending on the country-specific regulations, the startup test can last just a few seconds or take several minutes.

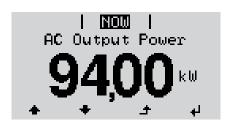
During the startup phase:

- the operating state LED shows orange,
- the string 'warte...' (wait...) and the currently tested component are displayed, e.g.:



Feeding energy into the grid

- Once the tests have been completed the inverter starts feeding energy into the grid
- The display shows the current energy level that is being fed into the grid, e.g.:



The operating state LED shows green, the inverter is working.

Navigation at the menu level

Activate display backlighting

1 Press any key

The display backlighting is activated.

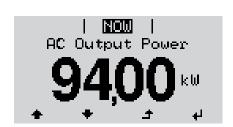
The option remains in the setup menu to set the display backlighting so that it is on all the time or off all the time.

Automatic deactivation of display backlighting / change to display mode 'NOW'

If no key is pressed for 2 minutes,

- the display backlighting switches off automatically and the inverter switches to display mode 'NOW' (assuming the display backlighting is set to automatic).
- The switchover to the 'NOW' display mode can happen from anywhere within the display modes or the Setup menu, with the exception of the 'Standby' menu item.
- The amount of energy currently fed in is displayed.

Open menu level



♠ Press the 'Menu' key



'Menu' will appear on the display

The inverter is now at the menu level.

From the menu level

- the required display mode can be selected
- the Setup menu can be accessed

The display modes

The display modes

The following display modes are available on the inverter:

Display mode 'NOW' Displays real-time values

Display mode 'TODAY' Displays values for energy fed into the grid today

Display mode 'YEAR' Displays values for energy fed into the grid during

the current calendar year

Display mode 'TOTAL' Displays values for energy fed into the grid since

the inverter was originally commissioned.

Choosing a display mode



1 Open menu level

Use the 'left' and 'right' keys to select the required display mode



Press the 'Enter' key



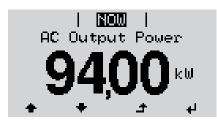
The first value of the selected display mode is displayed.

Overview of display values

Display mode	Unit	Display value
'NOW'	W	Energy supplied
		Day characteristic
	V	Three-phase AC grid voltage
	Α	Three-phase AC output current
	Hz	AC grid frequency
	V	PV array voltage
	Α	PV array current
	°C	Ambient temperature
	rpm	Fan speed
	HH:MM _{SS}	Time
	DD.MM _{YY}	Date
'TODAY'	kWh / MWh	Energy Supplied
'YEAR'		Day characteristic ('TODAY')
'TOTAL'	Currency	Yield
	g / kg	CO ₂ saving
	W	Max. output power
	V	Max. three-phase AC grid voltage
	V	Max. PV array voltage
	HH:MM	Operating hours

Values in display mode 'NOW'

Choosing a display mode



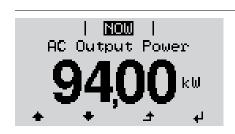
First value in display mode 'NOW'

▲ ▶ 1 Choose display mode 'NOW'

The first value in display mode 'NOW' appears

- Scroll to the next display value using the 'Down' key
- Scroll back up using the 'Up' key

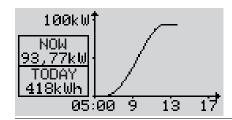
Values in display mode 'NOW'



AC Output Power

Power (in watts) currently being fed into the grid

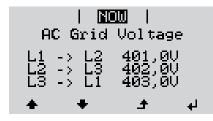
Press the 'Enter' key to display the day characteristic.



Day characteristic

Displays a plot showing the power output during the day. The time axis is scaled automatically.

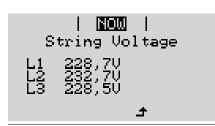
Press the 'Back' key to remove the display



AC Grid Voltage

Phase voltage (Volt)

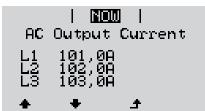
Press the 'Enter' key to display the string voltage.



String Voltage

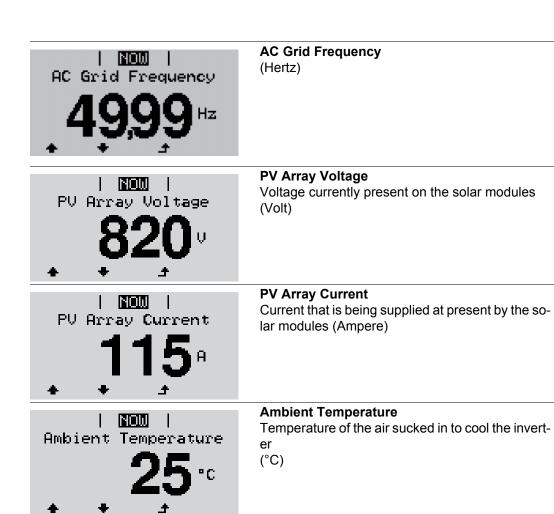
displays the string voltage of each phase.

Press the 'Back' key to remove the display



AC Output Current

Phase current currently being fed into grid (Ampere)





Fan Speed (rpm)



Time

If the time is changed on an inverter or a system add-on, it will also be changed in any other devices that are connected via Fronius Solar Net.



Date

If the date is changed on an inverter or a system add-on, it will also be changed in any other devices that are connected via Fronius Solar Net.

Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'

Choose display mode 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'



First value in display mode 'TODAY'



First value in display mode 'YEAR'



First value in display mode 'TOTAL'

Choose display mode 'TODAY' or display mode 'YEAR' or display mode 'TOTAL'

The first value in the selected display mode appears.

- Scroll to the next display value using the 'Down' key
- ▲ Scroll back up using the 'Up' key

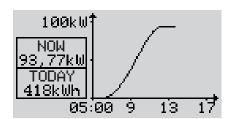
Values in display modes 'TODAY / YEAR / TOTAL'



Energy Supplied

Energy fed into the grid during the period in question (kWh / MWh)

Press the 'Enter' key to display the day characteristic (only in display mode 'TODAY')



Day characteristic

Displays a plot showing the power output during the day. The time axis is scaled automatically.

Press the 'Back' key to remove the display

There may be discrepancies with values displayed on other measuring instruments because of differences in measuring methods. As far as adding up the energy fed in is concerned, the only binding display values are those produced by the calibrated measuring device provided by the electricity supply company.



Yield

Amount of money earned during the period in question (currency can be selected in the Setup menu)

Like the energy supplied figure, the yield figure may also exhibit discrepancies with other measured values.

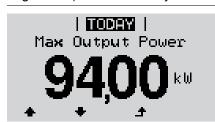
The 'Setup Menu' section explains how to select a currency and charge rate. The factory setting depends on the respective country setup.



CO₂ Savings

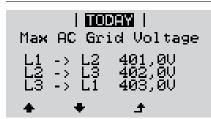
Amount by which ${\rm CO_2}$ emissions were reduced during the period in question (g / kg)

The value for CO_2 savings depends on the power station facilities and corresponds to the CO_2 emissions that would be released when generating the same amount of energy. The factory setting is 0.59 kg / kWh (source: DGS – Deutsche Gesellschaft für Sonnenenergie e.V. (German Society for Solar Energy)



Max. Output Power

Largest amount of power (W) fed into the gird during the period in question



Max. AC Grid Voltage

Highest AC grid voltage (V) measured during the period in question



Max. PV Array Voltage

Highest PV array voltage (V) measured during the period in question



Operating Hours

Length of time the inverter has been working (HH:MM).

Although the inverter does not operate during the night, the data required for the Sensor Box option is logged and stored 24 hours a day.

IMPORTANT! A prerequisite for the correct display of day and year values is that the time is set correctly.

The Setup menu

Initial setting

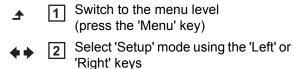
After completing comissioning the inverter is pre-configured depending on the country setup.

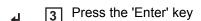
The SETUP menu item allows the initial settings of the inverter to be changed easily to bring it in line, as closely as possible, with the preferences and requirements of the user.

Accessing the setup menu



'SETUP' menu level selected







'Standby' menu item

The first menu item in the Setup menu, 'Standby', is shown.

Move up and down the menu items



Example: 'Standby' menu item



Accessing the setup menu



Use 'Up' and 'Down' keys to move between the available menu items

Menu items in the Set-up menu

Standby

Manual activation / deactivation of Standby mode

- The power electronics are switched off in standby mode. No energy is fed into the grid.
- The Startup LED will show steady orange.
- In Standby mode, no other menu item at menu level can be accessed or adjusted.
- The automatic switchover into the 'NOW' display mode after 2 minutes of keyboard inactivity does not occur.
- Standby mode can only be terminated manually by pressing the 'Enter' key.
- Feeding energy into the grid can be resumed at any time (deactivate 'Standby').

Switching off Standby mode (manually switching off feeding energy into the grid):

Select the 'Standby' item

Press the 'Enter' key

'STANDBY' and 'ENTER' appear alternately on the display.

Standby mode is now active.

The Startup LED shows steady orange.

Resuming feeding energy into the grid:

'STANDBY' and 'ENTER' appear alternately on the display when in Standby mode.

Press the 'Enter' key to resume feeding energy into the grid

The 'Standby' menu item is displayed.

At the same time, the inverter enters the startup phase.

The operating state LED shows steady green when feeding energy into the grid has been resumed.

Contrast

Adjusts contrast on the display.

Unit

Setting range 0 - 10 Factory setting 5

Since the contrast is temperature-dependent, when the ambient conditions change it may be necessary to adjust the 'Contrast' menu item.

Backlighting Initial setting for display backlighting

Unit -

Setting range AUTO / ON / OFF

Factory setting AUTO

AUTO: Display backlighting is activated by pressing any key. If no key

is pressed for 2 minutes, the display backlighting will go off

again.

ON: The display backlighting remains permanently on when the in-

verter is switched on.

OFF: The display backlighting is permanently switched off.

IMPORTANT! The 'Backlight' menu item only relates to the backlighting of the display and

the keys.

Language Setting the display language

Unit -

Display area German, English, French, Dutch, Italian, Spanish, Czech, Slo-

vak

Factory setting (depends on country setup)

Currency Sets the currency and charge rate for the energy fed into the grid

Unit -

Display area Currency/ feed-in tariff

Factory setting (depends on country setup)

CO₂ factor Setting the CO₂ reduction factor

Unit kg/kWh

Setting range 00.01 - 99.99 Factory setting 0.59 kg/kWh

Yield

Setting

- of an OFFSET value for the total energy display
- of a measuring offset factor for the day, year and total energy display

Setting range Meter deviation / meter unit of measurement / meter calibration

Meter deviation

Input of a value for the fed-in energy that will be added to the energy currently fed in (e.g. carry-over value when replacing an inverter)

Unit Wh

Setting range Five digits

Factory setting 0

Meter unit of measurement

Input of a unit (k..., M...)

Unit Setting range k / M
Factory setting -

Meter calibration

Input of a correction value to ensure that the value shown on the inverter display corresponds with the calibrated display on the electricity meter

Unit %

Setting range -5.0 - +5.0

Factory setting 0

DATCOM

Checking data communications, entering the inverter number, protocol settings

Setting range Status / inverter number / protocol type

Status

Indicates data communication is taking place via a Fronius Solar Net or that a data communications error has occurred

Inverter number

Sets the number (= address) of the inverter in a system with several solar inverters

Unit -

Setting range 00 - 99 (00 = 100 th inverter)

Factory setting 0°

IMPORTANT! If a number of inverters are linked together in a data communications system, assign a unique address to each one.

Protocol type

Specifies the communications protocol to be used to transfer the data:

Unit -

Setting range Solar Net / Interface

Factory setting Solar Net

Device Info

For displaying the settings that will be of relevance to an energy supply company. The values shown will depend on the country setup or the device-specific settings of the inverter.

Display area General / MPP Tracker / Grid Monitoring / Voltage Limits / Fre-

quency Limits / P AC Reduction

General:

Setup Country setup

Version Version of country setup

Group Group for updating the inverter software

MPP Tracker:

DC Mode DC mode

FIX Voltage value in V for fixed voltage operation

User Voltage value in V for MPP User operation

Grid Monitoring:

GMTi Start-up time of inverter in s

GMTr Reconnection time in s following a grid fault

ULL Mean grid voltage over 10 minutes in V.

LL Trip Trip time for long-term voltage monitoring

Voltage Limits:

UIL max Upper inner grid voltage in V

UIL min Lower inner grid voltage in V

UOL max Upper outer grid voltage limit value in V

UOL min Lower outer grid voltage limit value in V

Frequency Limits:

FIL max Upper inner grid frequency in Hz

FIL min Lower inner grid frequency in Hz

FOL max Upper outer grid frequency limit value in Hz

FOL min Lower outer grid frequency limit value in Hz

LVFRT:

Status Status of the LVFRT function (Low Voltage Fault Ride Through,

according to BDEW TR3 5.7)

DB min Dead Band Value min.

Lower voltage limit as % for the reactive power feed

DB max Dead Band Value max.

Upper voltage limit as % for the reactive power feed

k-Fac Gradient showing how much reactive current is fed in as a func-

tion of voltage

P AC Reduction:

Max. P AC Manual power reduction

GPIS Softstart function

GFDPRv Grid frequency-dependent power reduction in %/Hz

GFDPRr Return to nominal output in %/s (following a grid frequency-in-

duced power reduction)

Device Status For displaying the measured insulation resistance

Display area Messwertanzeige

PV Iso. (Value in MOhm)

Time Setting time and date

Unit HH:MM, DDMMYYYY

Setting range Time/date

Factory setting -

IMPORTANT! The correct time and date is a prerequisite for the correct display of day and year values and the day characteristic.

Status LT

The status display of the most recent inverter fault can be displayed.

IMPORTANT! Due to the low level of insolation early in the morning and in the evening, the status codes 306 (Power low) and 307 (DC low) are displayed routinely at these times of day. These status messages do not indicate any kind of fault.

- Press the 'Enter' key to see the status of the power stage set and the most recent fault
- Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to scroll through the list
- Press the 'Back' key to close the status and fault list

Grid Status

The five most recent grid faults can be displayed:

- Press the 'Enter' key to see the five most recent grid faults
- Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to scroll through the list
- Press the 'Back' key to close the grid fault display

Fan test

To check that the fan is working correctly

Unit -

Setting range Start (Progress)

Factory setting -

The fan test is started by pressing the 'Enter' key.

While the test is ongoing, its 'Progress' is shown on the display.

OK Fan test successful

Fail Fan is defective; the associated status code is displayed in 'NOW' view mode.

Version

Displays the version and serial numbers of the PC boards in the inverter (e.g. for service purposes)

Unit -

Display area Display / Display Software / Interface / SmartMedia Card / Con-

trol / Control Software / Monitoring / Monitoring Software / Inter-

face

Factory setting -

Setting and displaying the menu items

Setting the menu items, general

- Accessing the set-up menu
- Use the 'Up' or 'Down' buttons to select the desired menu item



3 Press 'Enter'

₽I

The first digit of a value to be set flashes:

Use the 'Up' or 'Down' buttons to select a value for the first digit



5 Press 'Enter'

₽J

The second digit of the value flashes.

6 Repeat steps 4 and 5 until ...

the whole value to be set flashes.

7 Press 'Enter'

₽J

- Repeat steps 4 6 as required for units or other values that are to be set until the appropriate unit or the value flashes.
- Press the 'Enter' key to save and apply the changes.

4

To discard the changes, press the 'Esc' key.

_

The currently selected menu item is displayed.

The available settings are displayed:

Use the 'Up' or 'Down' buttons to select the desired setting

4 4

Press the 'Enter' key to save and apply the setting.

₽

To discard the setting, press the 'Esc' key.

1

The currently selected menu item is displayed.

Exiting a menu item

To exit a menu item, press the 'Back' key

The menu level appears:



If no key is pressed for 2 minutes,

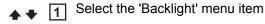
- the inverter switches from wherever it is within the Setup menu back to the 'NOW' display mode (exception: 'Standby' menu item),
- the display backlighting goes out,
- The amount of energy currently fed in is displayed.

Practical examples for setting and displaying menu items The setting and displaying of menu items is illustrated using the following examples:

- Setting the display backlighting
- Setting the currency and feed-in tariff
- Setting the time and date

Setting the display backlighting





Press the 'Enter' key



The current setting for the display backlighting is shown.

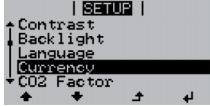
- + Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select the desired setting for the display backlighting
- Press the 'Enter' key to apply the setting



The settings for the display backlighting are applied. The 'Backlight' menu item is displayed.

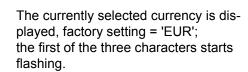
Setting the currency and feed-in tariff







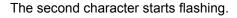




Select the 'Currency' menu item

Press the 'Enter' key to apply the cur-

- Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select a value for the first character
- Press the 'Enter' key



Repeat steps 3 and 4 for the second and third characters until...



the selected currency starts flashing.

Press the 'Enter' key



The currency is applied and the present feed-in tariff in currency/kWh displayed, factory setting = 0.43 EUR / kWh; the first digit starts flashing.

- Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select a value for the first digit (e.g. 0)
- Press the 'Enter' key

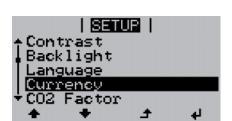
The second digit starts flashing.

Repeat steps 7 and 8 for the second digit and for each of the three digits after the decimal point until ...









the selected feed-in tariff starts flashing.

Press the 'Enter' key

The feed-in tariff is applied and the 'Currency' menu item is displayed.

Setting the time and date



◆ ■ Select the 'Time' menu item

→ Press the 'Enter' key



The time is displayed (HH:MM:SS, 24-hour format), the hours field starts flashing.

+ - Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select a value for the hour

4 Press the 'Enter' key

The minutes field starts flashing.

Repeat steps 3 and 4 for the minutes and seconds until...



the set time starts flashing.

Press the 'Enter' key











The time is applied and the date now appears (DD.MM.YYYY), the day field starts flashing.

- + 7 Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select a value for the day
- Press the 'Enter' key

The month field starts flashing.

Repeat steps 7 and 8 for the month and the last 2 digits of the year until ...

the set date starts flashing.

The date is applied and the 'Time' menu item is displayed.

Switching the key lock on and off

General

The inverter has a key lock function.

When the key lock is active, the Setup menu is not accessible, i.e. the setup data cannot be changed accidentally (or maliciously).

The code 12321 has to be entered in order to activate / deactivate the key lock.

Switching the key lock on and off







→ Press the 'Menu' key

'MENU' is displayed.

Press the unassigned 'Menu / Esc' key 5 times



'Access Code' is displayed in the 'CODE' menu; the first digit starts flashing.

- + = 3 Enter the code 12321: use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to select a value for the first digit of the code.
- Press the 'Enter' key

The second digit starts flashing.

Repeat steps 3 and 4 for the second, third, fourth and fifth digit of the access code until ...

the selected code starts flashing.

Press the 'Enter' key



'Key Lock' is displayed in the 'LOCK' menu.

+ - Use the 'Up' and 'Down' keys to turn the key lock on or off:

ON = key lock is on (the Setup menu is not accessible)

OFF = key lock is off (the Setup menu is accessible)

Press the 'Enter' key

Troubleshooting and maintenance

Status diagnostics and troubleshooting

Displaying status codes

The inverter performs a system self diagnosis that automatically detects many faults that may occur and shows them on the display. This means you are promptly made aware of malfunctions in the inverter and the photovoltaic system, or of any installation or operating faults.

If the system self diagnosis has detected a specific fault, the associated status code will be shown on the display.

IMPORTANT! Status codes may sometimes appear briefly as a result of the inverter's control response. If the inverter then continues working with no sign of any problem, this means that there was no fault.

Total failure of the display

If the display fails to come on some time after sunrise:

- Check the AC voltage ON the inverter connections: the AC voltage must be 230 V (+ 10 % / - 5 %)*.
- * The mains voltage tolerance depends on the country setup

Class 1 status codes

Class 1 status codes generally only arise momentarily and are caused by the public grid.

The initial response of the inverter in this case is to disconnect itself from the grid. The grid is subsequently checked for the stipulated monitoring period. If no further problem has been detected by the end of this period, then the inverter will resume feeding energy into the grid.

Depending on the country setup, the SoftStart-function GPIS is activated: after cutting out due to an AC fault, the output power of the inverter is continuously increased by 10% every minute in line with the VDE-AR-N 4105 guideline.

1	02
	_

AC voltage too high

Behaviour Following careful testing and when the grid conditions are within

the permissible range again, the inverter will resume feeding

energy into the grid.

Remedy Check grid connections

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

103

AC voltage too low

Behaviour Following careful testing and when the grid conditions are within

the permissible range again, the inverter will resume feeding

energy into the grid.

Remedy Check grid connections

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

105

AC frequency too high

Behaviour Following careful testing and when the grid conditions are within

the permissible range again, the inverter will resume feeding

energy into the grid.

Remedy Check grid connections

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

106

AC frequency too low

Behaviour Following careful testing and when the grid conditions are within

the permissible range again, the inverter will resume feeding

energy into the grid.

Remedy Check grid connections

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

107

No AC grid

Behaviour Following careful testing and when the grid conditions are within

the permissible range again, the inverter will resume feeding

energy into the grid.

Remedy Check grid connections

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

108

Stand alone operation detected

Behaviour Following careful testing and when the grid conditions are within

the permissible range again, the inverter will resume feeding

energy into the grid.

Remedy If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

Class 3 status codes

Class 3 includes status codes that may occur while feeding energy into the grid, but generally do not cause the process to be interrupted for any length of time.

The inverter disconnects automatically from the grid, the grid is then monitored as specified and the inverter attempts to resume feeding energy into the grid.

301

Overcurrent (AC)

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid due to

overcurrent in the alternating current circuit The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

303

Power module overtemperature

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid due to

overtemperature

The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Purge cooling air openings and heat sink if necessary;

fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

304

Internal temperature too high

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid due to

overtemperature

The inverter resumes with its startup routine

Remedy Purge cooling air openings and heat sink if necessary;

fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

305

If the grid relay is closed, no energy is transferred to the grid

Behaviour Permanent interruption while feeding energy into the grid

Remedy If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

307 (DC low)

DC input voltage too low for feeding energy into the grid

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid

The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

IMPORTANT! Due to the low level of insolation early in the morning and in the evening, the status code 307 (DC low) is routinely displayed at these times of day. This status code does not indicate any kind of fault.

309

DC input voltage too high

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid

The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

321

Overcurrent (AC)

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid due to

a grid fault or a power module fault

The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

322

Overtemperature on the air intake sensor

Behaviour Permanent interruption while feeding energy into the grid

Remedy Reduce the ambient temperature and ensure that a suitable hot

air extractor is installed if necessary

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

Class 4 status codes

Some of the class 4 status codes necessitate intervention by a Fronius-trained service engineer.

401

No communication with power stage set possible

Behaviour The inverter will automatically attempt to connect again and, if

possible, will resume feeding energy into the grid

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

406

Power module temperature sensor defective

Behaviour The inverter is disconnected from the grid for safety reasons.

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

407

Internal temperature sensor defective

Behaviour The inverter is disconnected from the grid for safety reasons.

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

412

Fixed voltage mode has been selected instead of MPP voltage mode, and the fixing voltage has been set at too low or too high a value.

Behaviour The fixed voltage is lower than the current MPP voltage.

Remedy Check module voltage and change the connection of the solar

modules if the input voltage is too high;

If the status code appears all the time: notify a Fronius-trained

service engineer

415

External Emergency Stop line is blocked

Behaviour The inverter is disconnected from the grid for safety reasons.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically;

If this status code keeps recurring: notify a Fronius-trained serv-

ice engineer

416

No communication possible between power stage set and control system

Behaviour The inverter is disconnected from the grid for safety reasons.

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

425

No communication possible with the power module

Behaviour The inverter is disconnected from the grid for safety reasons

and then attempts a restart.

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

426

Intermediate circuit charging takes too long

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid

The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

427

Power stage set not ready for too long (timeout)

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid

The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

431

Bootloading process interrupted

Behaviour The inverter is in bootloading mode and is not feeding any en-

ergy into the grid

Remedy Repeat the update process

If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

436

Receiving incorrect fault information from the power stage set

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid

The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

437

General error handling started in the power stage set

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid

The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

438

Receiving incorrect fault information from the power stage set

Behaviour Short-term interruption while feeding energy into the grid

The inverter resumes with its startup routine.

Remedy Fault is rectified automatically

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

445

- Compatibility error (e.g. due to replacement of a PC board)

- Invalid power stage set configuration

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy Update the inverter firmware;

If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

457

Mains relay sticking

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

459

Error when recording the measurement signal for the insulation test

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

460

Reference voltage source for the digital signal processor (DSP) is working out of tolerance

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

461

Fault in the DSP data memory

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

463

AC polarity reversed

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy Update the inverter firmware

If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

472

Fuse for solar module grounding is faulty

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy Replace fuse for solar module grounding - notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer;

if this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

475

Solar module grounding, insulation fault (connection between solar module and ground)

Behaviour The inverter is disconnected from the grid for safety reasons.

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

486

- External NO contact is open

- Optional measuring and monitoring relay has tripped

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy Close external NO contact;

check measuring and monitoring relay

If this status code keeps recurring, contact your system engi-

neer

487

Air inlet temperature sensor is faulty

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy Replace air inlet temperature sensor - notify a Fronius-trained

service engineer

488

AC measurement device is faulty

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

490, 491

Internal communication error

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

492

DC main switch is switched off

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy Switch on DC main switch

493

DC relay is faulty

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

494

Grounding fault on the control board

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

The 3 V supply voltage on the control board is faulty

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

496

The 5 V supply voltage on the control board is faulty

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

497

The 14 V or 22 V supply voltage for the PWM driver is faulty

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

498

The 24 V supply voltage for the power electronics is faulty

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

499

The 24 V supply voltage on the control board is faulty

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

Class 5 status codes

Class 5 status codes do not generally interfere with feeding energy into the grid, but can cause restrictions. A status code is displayed until it is acknowledged by pressing a key (the inverter, however, continues to operate normally in the background).

502

Insulation error on the solar modules

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

509

No energy fed into the grid in the past 24 hours

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Check that all the conditions for feeding energy into the grid

without any problems have been satisfied.

If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

516

No communication possible with the storage unit

Description Storage unit warning message

Remedy If the status indicator appears all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

517

Power derating caused by too high a temperature

Description Warning message when power derating occurs

Remedy If the status indicator appears all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

518

Internal DSP malfunction

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status indicator appears all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

535

Error during fan self-test

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status indicator appears all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

536

Main fan error

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status indicator appears all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

551

Fuse for solar module grounding is faulty

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Replace fuse for solar module grounding - notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer; if this status code keeps recurring,

contact your system engineer

555

Circulating fan error

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status indicator appears all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

558

Functional incompatibility (one or more PC boards in the inverter are not compatible with each other, e.g. after a PC board has been replaced)

Description Possible device errors or malfunctions on the inverter

Remedy Update the inverter firmware using the Fronius Solar.update

software;

the latest inverter firmware is available from

http://www.fronius.com.

If the status indicator appears all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

560

Power derating caused by overfrequency

Description The status code is displayed from a grid frequency of 50.2 Hz

and above.

The inverter reduces the power along a 40%/Hz slope. The in-

verter switches off at a grid frequency of 51.5 Hz.

The status indicator is displayed until the inverter returns to nor-

mal operation.

Remedy From a frequency of 50.2 Hz and above, the inverter tries to re-

connect to the grid.

The fault is rectified automatically as soon as the inverter re-

turns to normal operation.

If the status indicator appears all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

597

External overvoltage protection has tripped (connected to the "IN1" NO/alarm contact terminals)

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Replace overvoltage protection - notify a Fronius-trained serv-

ice engineer

598

External overvoltage protection has tripped (connected to the "IN2" NO/alarm contact terminals)

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Replace overvoltage protection - notify a Fronius-trained serv-

ice engineer

599

External overvoltage protection has tripped (connected to the "IN3" NO/alarm contact terminals)

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Replace overvoltage protection - notify a Fronius-trained serv-

ice engineer

Class 7 status codes

Class 7 status codes relate to the control system, the configuration and inverter data recording, and may directly or indirectly affect the process of feeding energy into the grid.

701 - 716

Provides information about the internal processor program status

Description Is of no concern when the inverter is working properly and only

appears in the "Status PS" setup parameter. In the event of an actual error, this status code supports Fronius TechSupport

during the error analysis.

721

EEPROM has been re-initialised

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

722 - 730

Provides information about the internal processor program status

Description Is of no concern when the inverter is working properly and only

appears in the "Status PS" setup parameter. In the event of an actual error, this status code supports Fronius TechSupport

during the error analysis.

751

Time lost

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Reset the time and date

If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

752

Real Time Clock module faulty

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Reset the time and date

If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

753

Time not set for a long period (> 1/2 year)

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Reset the time and date

If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

754, 755

Provides information about the internal processor program status

Description Is of no concern when the inverter is working properly and only

appears in the "Status PS" setup parameter. In the event of an actual error, this status code supports Fronius TechSupport

during the error analysis.

757

Hardware error in the Real Time Clock module

Description Warning message is shown on the display; the inverter is not

feeding any energy into the grid

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

761 - 765

Provides information about the internal processor program status

Description Is of no concern when the inverter is working properly and only

appears in the "Status PS" setup parameter. In the event of an actual error, this status code supports Fronius TechSupport

during the error analysis.

766

Emergency derating has been activated (max. 750 W)

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

767

Provides information about the internal processor program status

Description Is of no concern when the inverter is working properly and only

appears in the "Status PS" setup parameter. In the event of an actual error, this status code supports Fronius TechSupport

during the error analysis.

768

Different power derating in the hardware modules

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

772

Storage unit not available

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

773

Software update group 0 (invalid country setup)

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

775

PMC power stage set not available

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Press the 'Enter' key to acknowledge the error

If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

776

Invalid device-type

Description Warning message is shown on the display

Remedy Press the 'Enter' key to acknowledge the error

If the status code is displayed all the time: notify a Fronius-

trained service engineer

781 - 794

Provides information about the internal processor program status

Description Is of no concern when the inverter is working properly and only

appears in the "Status PS" setup parameter. In the event of an actual error, this status code supports Fronius TechSupport

during the error analysis.

799

No communication between the control board and the monitoring board

Behaviour The inverter is not feeding any energy into the grid.

Remedy notify a Fronius-trained service engineer

Class 10 - 12 status codes

1000 - 1299- Provide information on the status of the internal processor program

Description Is of no concern when the inverter is working properly and only

appears in the "Status PS" setup parameter. In the event of an actual error, this status code assists Fronius Technical Support

during the error analysis.

Customer service

IMPORTANT! Contact your Fronius dealer or a Fronius-trained service technician if

- an error appears frequently or all the time
- an error appears that is not listed in the tables

Maintenance

Safety



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger due to grid voltage and DC voltage from solar modules.

- The DC main switch is only to be used to de-energise the power stage set.
 The connection compartment is still live when the DC main switch is switched off.
- Work in the connection compartment must only be carried out by qualified electricians.
- Maintenance and servicing in the power stage set of the inverter must only be carried out by Fronius-trained service technicians.



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger due to residual voltage in capacitors.

Wait for the capacitors to discharge. Discharge time is 10 minutes.

Maintenance guidelines

To ensure that the inverter keeps working perfectly, the following maintenance activities must be carried out every year:

- To prevent defects occurring in the electronic components, check the inverter for dirt, dust or moisture.
- Re-tighten the DC and AC cable terminals to the specified torque
- Check that the installed inverter software is up-to-date and update the software if necessary
- Either in the Setup menu or using the Fronius Solar. Service software, run the main fan test to test that the air supply is working properly.

Fronius offers an optional maintenance contract for the inverter that includes annual maintenance by a Fronius engineer.

More information can be found on the Fronius Homepage at http://www.fronius.com.

Replacement of components

The following components should be replaced after 10 years:

- main fan
- both circulating fans (left and right beside the power stage set)
- MENT PC board (switched mode power supply)

Replacement of components in accordance with the Fronius Agilo Service Manual; apply to the relevant TechSupport for components.

Opening the inverter for maintenance work

When the inverter must be opened for maintenance work, carry out the following procedures:

- 1 De-energise the AC and DC side of the inverter
- Switch off the DC main switch
- Wait for the capacitors to discharge (10 minutes)
- Open the door and air inlet grilles
- [5] Remove covers and/or contact protection
- [6] If present, remove fuse for solar module grounding

Operation in environments subject to heavy accumulations of dust When operating in environments subject to heavy accumulations of dust:

- if necessary, purge the filter grilles on the fans using clean compressed air.
- check all 6 months the ventilation duct for pollution and clean it if necessary

IMPORTANT! Do not blow dust and impurities into the inverter.

Replacing fuses

Safety



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger due to grid voltage and DC voltage from solar modules.

- Make sure that both the AC side and the DC side of the inverter are de-energised before making any connections or carrying out maintenance work.
- The connection compartment must only be opened by an qualified electrical engineer.
- The power stage set may only be opened by Fronius-trained service technicians.



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger due to residual voltage in capacitors.

Wait for the capacitors to discharge. Discharge time is 5 minutes.



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. Danger from DC voltage in solar modules.

The DC main switch is only to be used to de-energise the power stage set. Grounding of the solar module remains in effect, even when the DC main switch is switched off. Do not under any circumstances touch DC+ or DC-.



WARNING! An electric shock can be fatal. If a ground fault occurs, a conductor that is normally grounded can lose its ground connection and become live. A ground fault must be repaired before operation is resumed.

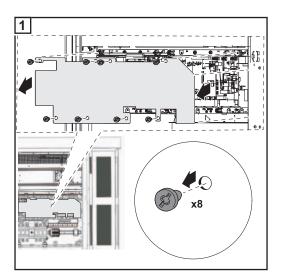


WARNING! An inadequate ground conductor connection can cause serious injury or damage.

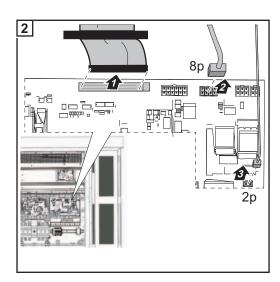
The screws on the covers provide a suitable ground conductor connection for the housing; these screws must not under any circumstances be replaced by other screws that do not provide a reliable ground conductor connection.

Replacing the reverse polarity protection fuse

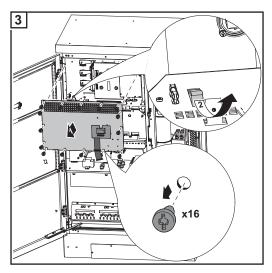
The inverter has been activated with the polarity of the DC cables reversed. Despite sufficient levels of insolation, status code 307 "DC low" appears on the display.



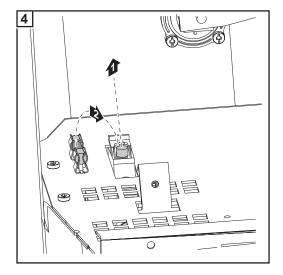
Remove the contact protection above the data communication area



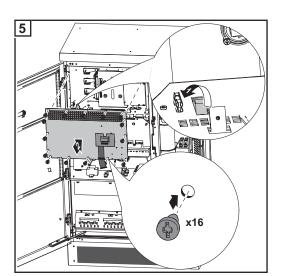
- Unplug the ribbon cable Unplug the 8-pin Molex plug (8p) Unplug the 2-pin Molex plug (2p)



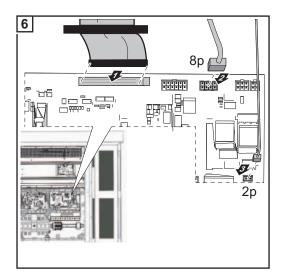
- Remove 16 screws
- Pull out the bottom cover and remove from the front
- Open the fuse holder



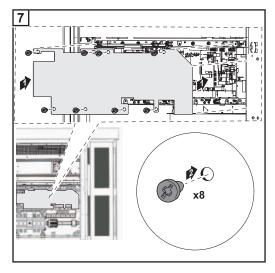
Fit the spare fuse in the fuse holder



- Close the fuse holder
- Fit the cover
- Fix the cover in place using 16 screws
 Tightening torque = 3 Nm



- Connect the ribbon cable
- Connect the 8-pin Molex plug (8p)
- Connect the 2-pin Molex plug (2p)



Fit the contact protection above the data communication area



Technical data

Fronius Agilo Outdoor 75.0-3

Input data

MPP voltage range	460 - 820 V DC
Max. input voltage (at 1000 W/m²/ -10 °C in an open circuit)	950 V DC
Max. input current	170.0 A
Max. short circuit current of the solar modu	les 255.0 A
Output data	
Nominal output power (P _{nom})	75 kVA
Max. output power	75 kVA
Nominal grid voltage	3~NPE 400 V / 230 V
Mains voltage tolerance	+10 / -5 % ¹⁾
Nominal output current (three-phase)	112.4 A
Nominal frequency	50 - 60 Hz ¹⁾
Total harmonic distortion	< 3 %
Power factor cos phi	0.8 - 1 ind./cap. ²⁾
Max. permitted mains impedance Z _{max} at F	
Max. feedback current ⁴⁾	0 A ⁵⁾
Starting current pulse ⁶⁾	0 A ⁵⁾
Max. output fault current per period	522 A / 2.47 ms)
Max. output fault current per period General data	522 A / 2.47 ms)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	522 A / 2.47 ms) 97.3 %
General data	·
General data Maximum efficiency	97.3 %
General data Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency	97.3 % 96.7 %
General data Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventila-
General data Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption Cooling	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventila- tion IP 44
General data Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption Cooling Degree of protection	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventila- tion
General data Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption Cooling Degree of protection Dimensions I x w x h	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventilation IP 44 1205 x 863 x 1914 mm
General data Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption Cooling Degree of protection Dimensions I x w x h Weight Permitted ambient temperature	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventilation IP 44 1205 x 863 x 1914 mm 732 kg - 25 °C - +50 °C
Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption Cooling Degree of protection Dimensions I x w x h Weight Permitted ambient temperature (4 - 100 % condensing)	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventilation IP 44 1205 x 863 x 1914 mm 732 kg - 25 °C - +50 °C
General data Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption Cooling Degree of protection Dimensions I x w x h Weight Permitted ambient temperature (4 - 100 % condensing) EMC emission class	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventilation IP 44 1205 x 863 x 1914 mm 732 kg - 25 °C - +50 °C A 3 / 2
Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption Cooling Degree of protection Dimensions I x w x h Weight Permitted ambient temperature (4 - 100 % condensing) EMC emission class Overvoltage category AC / DC	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventilation IP 44 1205 x 863 x 1914 mm 732 kg - 25 °C - +50 °C
Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption Cooling Degree of protection Dimensions I x w x h Weight Permitted ambient temperature (4 - 100 % condensing) EMC emission class Overvoltage category AC / DC Degree of pollution	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventilation IP 44 1205 x 863 x 1914 mm 732 kg - 25 °C - +50 °C A 3 / 2
Maximum efficiency Europ. efficiency Overnight self-consumption Cooling Degree of protection Dimensions I x w x h Weight Permitted ambient temperature (4 - 100 % condensing) EMC emission class Overvoltage category AC / DC Degree of pollution Protection devices	97.3 % 96.7 % 36 W Controlled forced-air ventilation IP 44 1205 x 863 x 1914 mm 732 kg - 25 °C - +50 °C A 3 / 2 3

Fronius Agilo Outdoor 100.0-3

Input data

MPP voltage range	460 - 820 V DC
Max. input voltage (at 1000 W/m²/ -10 °C in an open circuit)	950 V DC
Max. input current	227.0 A
Max. short circuit current of the solar modules	340.5 A
Output data	
Nominal output power (P _{nom})	100 kVA
Max. output power	100 kVA
Nominal grid voltage	3 ~ NPE 400 V / 230 V
Grid voltage tolerance	+10 / -5 % ¹⁾
Nominal output current (three-phase)	150.2 A
Nominal frequency	50 - 60 Hz ¹⁾
Total harmonic distortion	< 3 %
Power factor cos phi	0.8 - 1 ind./cap. ²⁾
Max. permitted mains impedance Z_{max} at PCC	⁽³⁾ 52 mOHM
Max. feedback current ⁴⁾	0 A ⁵⁾
Starting current pulse ⁶⁾	0 A ⁵⁾
Max. output fault current per period	522 A / 2.47 ms
General data	
Maximum efficiency	97.2 %
Europ. efficiency	96.6 %
Overnight internal consumption	36 W
Cooling	Controlled forced-air ventilation
Degree of protection	IP 44
Dimensions I x w x h	1205 x 863 x 1914 mm
Weight	806 kg
Permitted ambient temperature (4 - 100 % condensing)	- 25 °C - +50 °C
EMC emission class	А
Overvoltage category AC / DC	3/2
Degree of pollution	3
Protection devices	
DC insulation measurement	Warning/shutdown ⁷⁾ at R _{ISO} < 40 kOhm
Manifestation of DC overload	Operating point shift power limitation
DC circuit breaker	Integrated

Explanation of footnotes

- 1) The values quoted are default values; the inverter is configured specifically to meet the needs of the country in question.
- 2) Depending on the country setup or device-specific settings (ind. = inductive; cap. = capacitive)
- 3) PCC = interface to the public grid
- 4) Maximum current from the inverter to the solar module when an error occurs in the inverter or when the insulation between the AC and DC side is defective
- 5) Guaranteed by the electrical configuration of the inverter
- 6) Current peak when switching on the inverter
- 7) Depending on the country setup

Applicable standards and guidelines

CE mark

The devices comply with all the requisite and relevant standards and guidelines that form part of the relevant EU Directive, and are therefore permitted to display the CE mark.

Parallel operation of in-plant generation systems

The inverter complies with the

- "guidelines for connection and parallel operation of in-plant generation systems with the low-voltage grid" published by the German Electricity Industry Association (VDEW)
- "technical guidelines for parallel operation of in-plant generation systems" published by the Austrian Association of Electricity Companies

Power failure

The standard measurement and safety procedures integrated into the inverter ensure that in the event of a grid failure, the feeding in of energy is immediately interrupted (e.g. switch-off by the energy supplier or damage to lines).

Exception: when the LVFRT function is activated

Warranty terms and conditions, and disposal

Fronius manufacturer's warranty

When the Fronius inverters are delivered, they come with a manufacturer's warranty that is valid worldwide for 60 months from the date of installation. This can be extended for an additional payment.

While the warranty is in force, Fronius will ensure that the inverter is working properly. The detailed, country-specific warranty terms and conditions are available from the engineer installing the system, or on the Internet at the following address: http://www.fronius.com/solar/servicebasic/de

To make a claim under the Fronius manufacturer's warranty, the relevant product invoice, the Service Basic terms and conditions and, if applicable, proof of payment from when the warranty was extended, must be submitted.

Fronius therefore recommends that once the inverter has been commissioned, you print out an up-to-date copy of the Service Basic terms and conditions.

Disposal

If you decide in the future to replace your inverter, Fronius will take back the old device and arrange for it to be recycled in an appropriate manner.

Fronius Worldwide - www.fronius.com/addresses

Fronius International GmbH 4600 Wels, Froniusplatz 1, Austria E-Mail: pv-sales@fronius.com http://www.fronius.com Fronius USA LLC Solar Electronics Division 6797 Fronius Drive, Portage, IN 46368 E-Mail: pv-us@fronius.com http://www.fronius-usa.com

Under http://www.fronius.com/addresses you will find all addresses of our sales branches and partner firms!